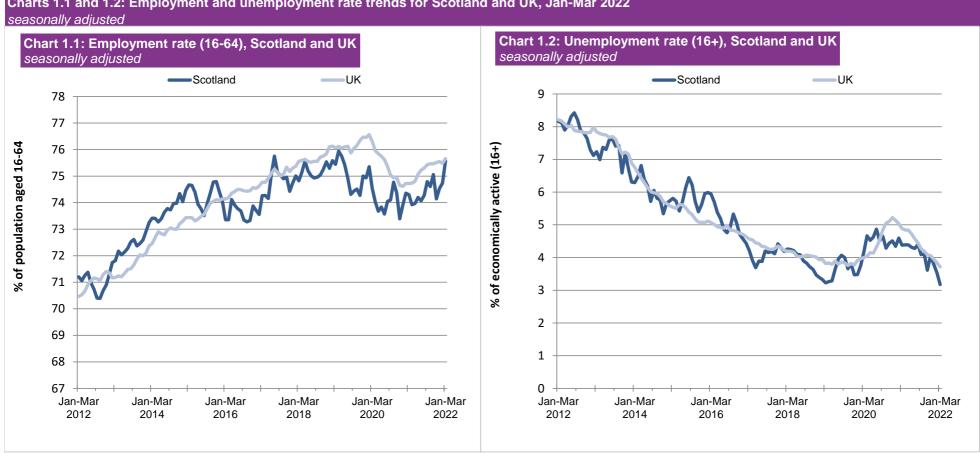
	Scotland's Labour Market - Monthly Briefing – May 2022
	Scottish Government: Office of the Chief Economic Adviser
This document contains	is up-to-date statistical information concerning the labour market in Scotland from a range of official sources. This document is part of a collection: https://www.gov.scot/collections/labour-market-statistics/
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	Scotland's Labour Market - Monthly Briefing – May 2022	Scottish Government Riaghaltas na h-Alba
	Scottish Government: Office of the Chief Economic Adviser	gov.scot
This document contains up-to	-date statistical information concerning the labour market in Scotland from a range of official sources. This document is part of a collection: https://www.gov.scot/collections/labour-market-statistics/	
HEADLINE ESTIMATES gender age UK regions	LABOUR MARKET UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIMANT COUNT disability duration minority ethnic model-based underemployment qualifications duration to chain all ages young people (16-24) local authorities duration to chain all ages young people (16-24) local authorities duration to chain all ages young people (16-24) local authorities duration to chain ages young people (16-24) local authorities duration to chain ages young people (16-24) local authorities duration	HMRC PAYE DATA payrolled employees median annual pay mean annual pay aggregate pay
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BACKGROUND INFORMATION Notes - 1	Further information on revisions in response to COVID-19 measures, Claimant Count and Measures of D	isability

			L	_evel ('000)							Rate				
		change	e on	change	e on	change	e on		change	e on	change	e on	change	e on	
	Level	Oct-Dec	2021	Jan-Mar	2021	Dec-Feb	2020	Rate	Oct-Dec	2021	Jan-Mar 2021		Dec-Feb		
						(pre-pano	demic)	(%)	(%p	t)	(%p	t)	pre-panc) (%pt)	-	
Employment* (leve	els 16+, rates	16-64)													
Scotland	2,682	36	+	34	↑	-7	÷	75.6	1.4	+	1.3	+	0.2	1	
England	27,552	42	+	342	↑	-486	÷	75.9	0.0	\leftrightarrow	0.9	+	-1.1	÷	
Wales	1,467	-8	÷	-11	÷	-3	÷	74.1	-0.4	÷	0.2	+	0.1	+	
Northern Ireland	868	13	+	23	♠	-9	÷	72.2	1.5	+	2.0	+	-0.3	¥	
UK	32,569	83	+	388	♠	-504	÷	75.7	0.1	+	0.9	+	-0.9	÷	
Unemployment** (1	16+)														
Scotland	88	-24	+	-33	+	-17	+	3.2	-0.9	+	-1.2	+	-0.6	¥	
England	1,103	-89	÷	-330	÷	-78	÷	3.9	-0.3	÷	-1.2	+	-0.2	¥	
Wales	45	-2	÷	-23	÷	-10	+	3.0	-0.1	+	-1.4	÷	-0.7	¥	
Northern Ireland	20	-3	÷	-10	÷	-2	+	2.3	-0.4	÷	-1.2	÷	-0.2	÷	
UK	1,257	-118	÷	-396	Ŧ	-107	+	3.7	-0.3	÷	-1.2	Ŧ	-0.2	Ŧ	

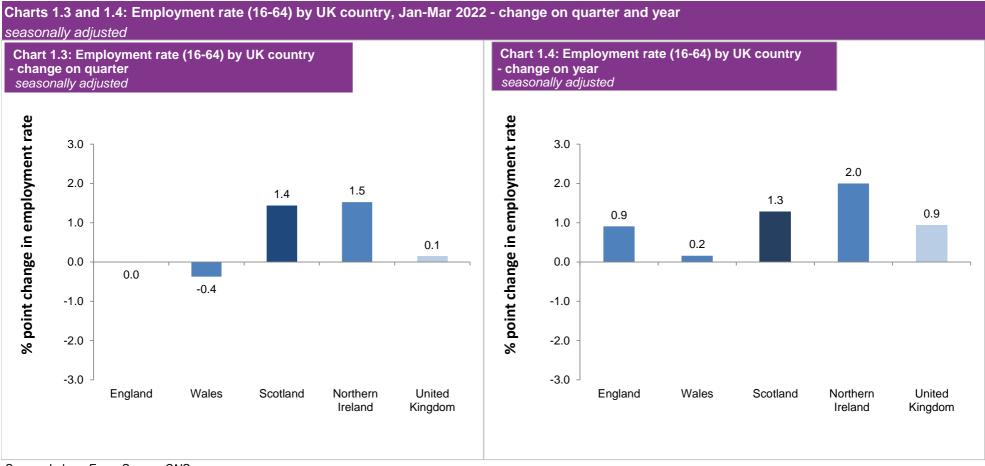
Note: *Denominator = all persons aged 16-64 **Denominator = total economically active (16+)

IMPORTANT NOTE: Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates from Jan-Mar 2020 to Feb-Apr 2021 were reweighted in July 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).

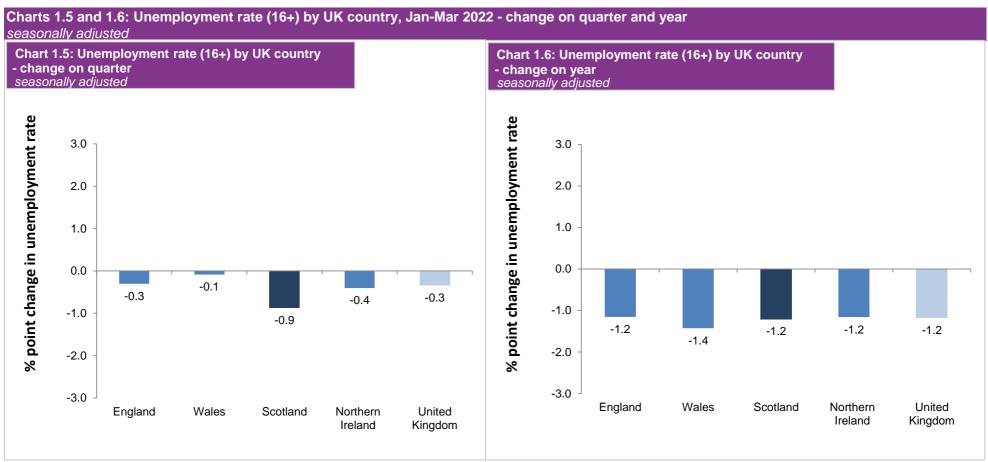


Charts 1.1 and 1.2: Employment and unemployment rate trends for Scotland and UK, Jan-Mar 2022

Source: Labour Force Survey, ONS



Note: Chart bars based on unrounded data. Chart labels rounded to one decimal place.



Note: Chart bars based on unrounded data. Chart labels rounded to one decimal place.

			Le	vel ('000)							Rate			
	Level	change Oct-Dec		chang Jan-Mar		change Dec-Feb 2		Rate (%)	change Oct-Dec (%pt	2021	chango Jan-Mar (%p	2021	chang Dec-Feb (%p	o 2020
Economic Activity*	(levels 16+,	rates 16-64))											
Scotland	2,770	12	+	0	\leftrightarrow	-23	÷	78.1	0.7	+	0.3	↑	-0.2	Ŧ
England	28,655	-47	÷	12	↑	-564	+	79.0	-0.2	÷	0.0	\leftrightarrow	-1.3	Ŧ
Wales	1,512	-10	¥	-34	÷	-13	÷	76.4	-0.5	¥	-1.0	÷	-0.5	÷
Northern Ireland	889	10	+	13	↑	-11	+	74.0	1.2	↑	1.2	+	-0.4	÷
UK	33,825	-34	¥	-8	¥	-612	+	78.6	-0.1	÷	0.0	\leftrightarrow	-1.1	Ŧ
conomic Inactivity	* (16-64)													
Scotland	749	-24	÷	-12	÷	4	+	21.9	-0.7	Ŧ	-0.3	÷	0.2	+
England	7,329	93	+	14	+	445	+	21.0	0.2	+	0.0	\leftrightarrow	1.3	+
Wales	448	10	+	19	+	7	+	23.6	0.5	+	1.0	+	0.5	+
Northern Ireland	303	-14	¥	-14	÷	4	+	26.0	-1.2	÷	-1.2	÷	0.4	+
UK	8,829	65	+	6	+	460		21.4	0.1	+	0.0	↔	1.1	

Note: *Denominator = all aged 16-64

IMPORTANT NOTE: Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates from Jan-Mar 2020 to Feb-Apr 2021 were reweighted in July 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).

Table 1.3: Unemployment by Government Office Region (LFS), Jan-Mar 2022 seasonally adjusted

		Leve	əl ('000)					Rate		
	Level	change Oct-Dec		chango Jan-Mar		Rate (%)	change Oct-Dec (%pt	2021	chango Jan-Mar (%p	2021
North East	63	-7	+	-11	+	5.0	-0.6	+	-0.8	÷
North West	153	-13	+	-24	+	4.3	-0.3	+	-0.7	+
Yorkshire and The Humber	106	5	+	-26	+	4.0	0.2	+	-1.0	+
East Midlands	64	-18	+	-61	+	2.7	-0.8	+	-2.5	+
West Midlands	138	-9	+	-39	+	4.6	-0.4	+	-1.5	+
East	107	9	+	-19	+	3.4	0.3	+	-0.6	+
London	237	-25	+	-113	+	4.7	-0.4	+	-2.2	+
South East	153	-32	+	-13	+	3.2	-0.7	+	-0.3	+
South West	82	1	+	-25	+	2.9	0.0	\leftrightarrow	-0.9	+
Wales	45	-2	+	-23	+	3.0	-0.1	+	-1.4	+
Northern Ireland	20	-3	+	-10	+	2.3	-0.4	+	-1.2	+
Scotland	88	-24	+	-33	+	3.2	-0.9	+	-1.2	¥
United Kingdom	1,257	-118	÷	-396	+	3.7	-0.3	÷	-1.2	Ŧ
England	1,103	-89	+	-330	+	3.9	-0.3	+	-1.2	+

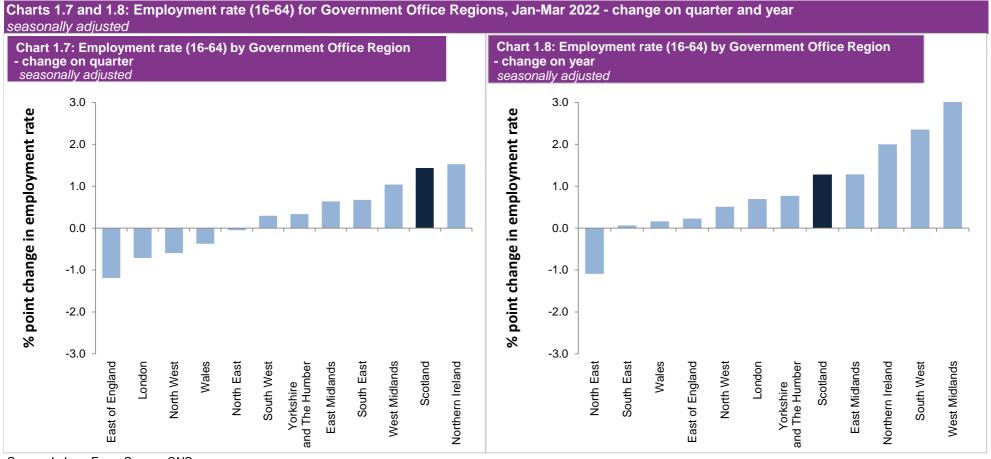
Source: Labour Force Survey, ONS

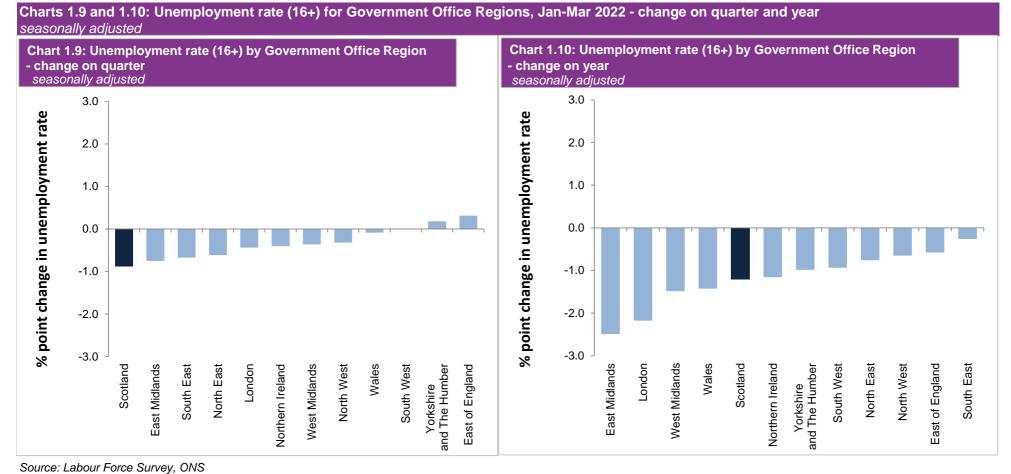
 Table 1.4: Employment by UK Countries and Regions (LFS), Jan-Mar 2022

		Leve	əl ('000)					Rate		
	Level	change Oct-Dec		change Jan-Mar		Rate (%)	change Oct-Dec (%pt	2021	change Jan-Mar (%p	202
North East	1,199	13	+	-9	+	70.9	-0.1	+	-1.1	4
North West	3,384	-22	÷	9	↑	73.1	-0.6	+	0.5	1
Yorkshire and The Humber	2,546	3	+	20	★	73.1	0.3	+	0.8	1
East Midlands	2,341	29	↑	41	↑	76.0	0.6	+	1.3	1
West Midlands	2,867	45	+	126	↑	76.1	1.0	+	3.1	1
East	3,089	-35	÷	18	↑	77.9	-1.2	+	0.2	1
London	4,776	-34	÷	62	♠	75.2	-0.7	÷	0.7	1
South East	4,572	37	♠	-2	+	78.3	0.7	+	0.1	1
South West	2,779	6	♠	77	+	79.1	0.3	+	2.4	1
Wales	1,467	-8	+	-11	+	74.1	-0.4	+	0.2	1
Northern Ireland	868	13	♠	23	+	72.2	1.5	+	2.0	1
Scotland	2,682	36	♠	34	+	75.6	1.4	+	1.3	1
United Kingdom	32,569	83	♠	388	+	75.7	0.1	+	0.9	1
England	27,552	42	↑	342	†	75.9	0.0	↔	0.9	4

Source: Labour Force Survey, ONS

IMPORTANT NOTE: Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates from Jan-Mar 2020 to Feb-Apr 2021 were reweighted in July 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).





			S	cotland	ł				UK			
			chang	e on	chang	e on		chang	e on	change on		
		Rate	Oct-Dec	2021	Jan-Mar	2021	Rate	Oct-Dec	2021	Jan-Mar	2021	
	Gender	(%)	%р	t	%р	t	(%)	%р	t	%р	t	
	People	75.6	1.4	♠	1.3	↑	75.7	0.1	♠	0.9	+	
Employment Rate*	Men	77.0	0.8	↑	0.3	†	79.0	0.2	↑	1.2	↑	
	Women	74.2	2.0	♠	2.2	↑	72.3	0.1	♠	0.7	+	
	People	3.2	-0.9	÷	-1.2	+	3.7	-0.3	÷	-1.2	+	
Unemployment Rate**	Men	4.4	-0.1	÷	0.0	\leftrightarrow	3.9	-0.3	÷	-1.2	÷	
	Women	1.9	-1.7	÷	-2.5	+	3.5	-0.4	÷	-1.1	÷	
	People	21.9	-0.7	÷	-0.3	+	21.4	0.1	+	0.0	\leftrightarrow	
Inactivity Rate*	Men	19.4	-0.7	÷	-0.4	+	17.7	0.0	\leftrightarrow	-0.2	÷	
	Women	24.3	-0.7	÷	-0.3	+	25.0	0.3	+	0.2	+	

Table 1.5: Employment II O unemployment and inactivity rates by sex Jan-Mar 2022

Source: Labour Force Survey, ONS

Note: * Denominator = population of aged 16-64

**Denominator = Economically active population

Quality indicator

Shaded estimates are based on a small sample size. This may result in a less precise estimates, which should be used with caution.

Unshaded estimates are based on a larger sample size. This is likely to result in estimates of higher precision, although they will still be subject to some sampling variability.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates from Jan-Mar 2020 to Feb-Apr 2021 were reweighted in July 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).





Source: Labour Force Survey, ONS

Note: The unemployment rate estimate for women in Scotland in Jan-Mar 2022 is based on a small sample size. This may result in less precise estimates which should be used with caution.

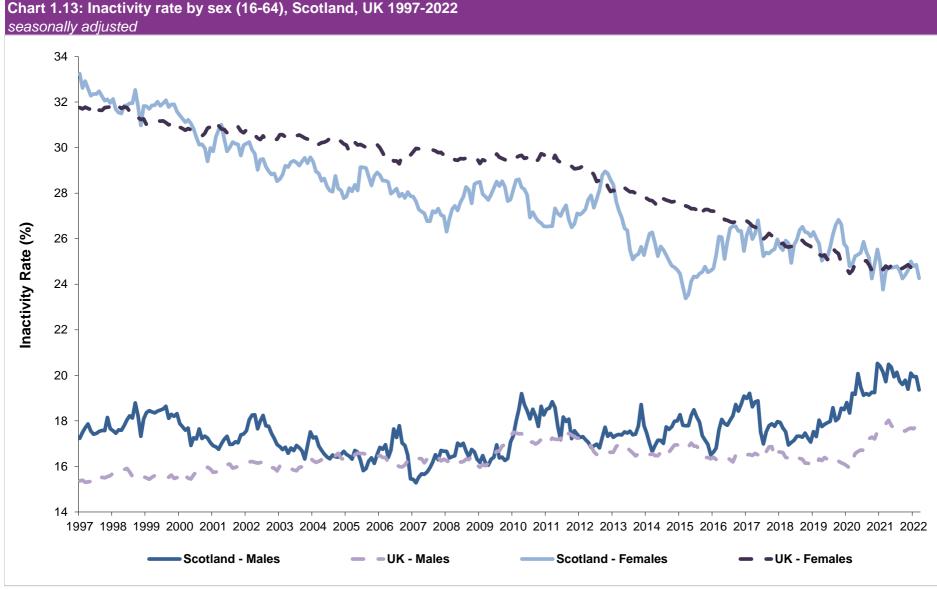


Chart 1.13: Inactivity rate by sex (16-64), Scotland, UK 1997-2022

Source: Labour Force Survey, ONS

Table 1.6: Employment, ILO unemployment and inactivity rates by age group, Scotland and UK, Annual Population Survey: Jan 2021 - Dec 2021

				Scotlar	nd				UK		
		Rate	chang Jan 2 Dec	020 -	chang Jan 20 Dec 2)19 -	Rate	Jan 2	ge on 2020 - 2020	chang Jan 20 Dec 2)19 -
	Age Group	(%)	%	pt	%р	t	(%)	%	pt	%р	t
	16-24	53.9	1.7	↑	-4.0	+	51.3	-1.0	÷	-2.8	+
	25-34	81.9	-1.6	+	0.2	+	84.0	0.0	\leftrightarrow	0.2	+
Employment Rate**	35-49	82.9	0.5	+	-1.1	+	85.0	0.3	†	0.0	\leftrightarrow
	50-64	68.1	-1.3	+	-2.5	+	70.6	-1.1	+	-1.7	+
	65+	8.9	0.2	+	0.2	+	10.3	-0.4	÷	-0.5	÷
	16-24	10.2	-3.0	+	1.9	+	12.6	-1.0	+	1.2	†
	25-34	3.0	-0.3	+	-0.8	+	3.8	-0.3	+	0.2	+
Unemployment Rate***	35-49	2.5	-0.8	+	-0.1	+	3.1	0.0	\leftrightarrow	0.6	+
	50-64	3.8	0.9	+	1.5	+	3.4	0.2	+	0.7	+
	65+	1.7	0.2	+	0.3	+	2.0	0.1	+	0.4	+
	16-24	40.0	0.1	+	3.1	+	41.4	1.8	+	2.4	+
	25-34	15.6	1.9	+	0.5	+	12.7	0.3	+	-0.5	+
Inactivity Rate**	35-49	15.0	0.1	+	1.2	+	12.3	-0.3	+	-0.5	+
	50-64	29.3	0.6	+	1.4	+	26.9	1.0	+	1.2	+
	65+	90.9	-0.2	+	-0.3	+	89.5	0.4	+	0.5	+

Source: Annual Population Survey, ONS

* data not available

** Denominator = population in age group

*** Denominator = Economically active population in age group (where economically active is defined as those in employment plus those who are unemployed)

Quality indicator

Shaded estimates are based on a small sample size. This may result in a less precise estimates, which should be used with caution.

Unshaded estimates are based on a larger sample size. This is likely to result in estimates of higher precision, although they will still be subject to some sampling variability.

Note on data sources: The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of households collected and published by the Office for National Statistics (ONS). Further information on reliability can be accessed in the ONS publication at:

https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/methodologies/measuringandreportingreliabilityofl abourforcesurveyandannualpopulationsurveyestimates

The preferred source of labour market indicators by age band for regions/countries of the UK is the Annual Population Survey (APS).

The APS estimates are classified as National Statistics as they are based on a larger sample size, but are not as current as LFS estimates. Regional estimates for the unemployment rate maybe quite volatile, which needs to be allowed for when considering the pattern of change over time and sample sizes are also smaller for sub groups such as 16-24 year olds which can also affect volatility. Sampling variability information is published at:

https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/datasets/samplingvariabilityandrevisionssummaryf orregionallabourmarketstatisticss02

IMPORTANT NOTE: Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates from Jan-Mar 2020 to Feb-Apr 2021 were reweighted in July 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual Population Survey (APS) responses for periods from April 2019 - March 2020 onwards were also reweighted by the same method in August 2021. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).

Table 2.1: Employment, ILO unemployment and inactivity for the 16-24 age group, Scotland and UK, Annual Population Survey (APS): Jan 2021 - Dec 2021

		Le	vel ('000)				Rate		
	Level	change Jan 20 Dec 20	20 -	change Jan 20 Dec 20	19 -	Rate %	change Jan 20 Dec 2 (%pt	20 - 020	change Jan 20 Dec 2 (%pt	19 - 019
Employment*										
Scotland	295	4	↑	-33	÷	53.9	1.7	†	-4.0	ŧ
UK	3,481	-100	+	-255	+	51.3	-1.0	+	-2.8	÷
ILO Unemployr	nent **									
Scotland	33	-11	+	4	↑	10.2	-3.0	+	1.9	+
UK	500	-62	+	23	↑	12.6	-1.0	+	1.2	+
Inactivity *										
Scotland	219	-4	+	10	↑	40.0	0.1	↑	3.1	+
UK	2,809	99	+	115	↑	41.4	1.8	+	2.4	+

Source: Annual Population Survey (APS), ONS

Notes: *denominator = 16-24 population; ** denominator = economically active population aged 16-24

Quality indicator

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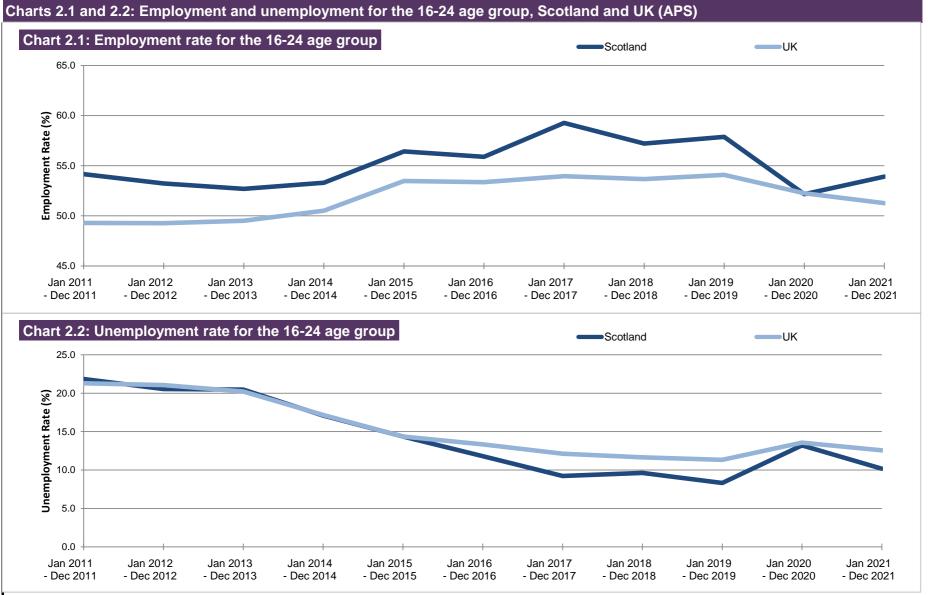
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https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/datasets/samplingvariabilityandrevisionssummaryforregionallabourmarketstatisticss02

IMPORTANT NOTE: Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates from Jan-Mar 2020 to Feb-Apr 2021 were reweighted in July 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual Population Survey (APS) responses for periods from April 2019 - March 2020 onwards were also reweighted by the same method in August 2021. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).



Source: Annual Population Survey, ONS

Table 2.2: Employment, ILO unemployment and inactivity for the 16-24 age group by sex, Scotland and UK (APS), Jan 2021 - Dec 2021

Scotland

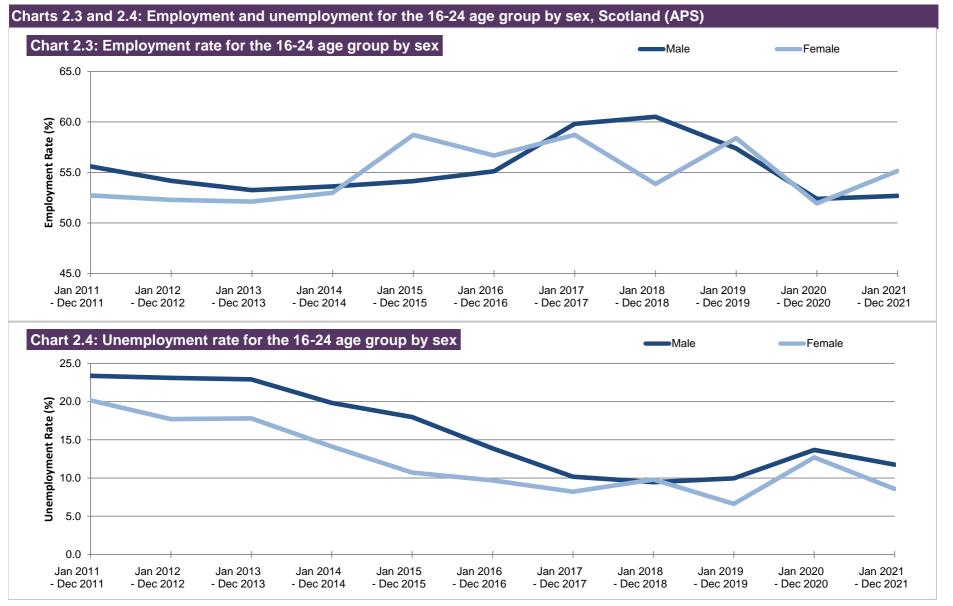
		l	Level ('00	0)				Rate		
	Level	change Jan 20 Dec 2	20 -	change Jan 20 [/] Dec 20	19 -	Rate	change on Jan 2020 - Dec 2020 (%pts)		change Jan 20 [,] Dec 20	19 -
						(%)			(%pts)	
Employmen	t*									
Male	145	-2	+	-18	+	52.7	0.3	↑	-4.7	÷
Female	150	6	+	-15	+	55.1	3.2	↑	-3.3	¥
ILO Unempl	oyment **									
Male	19	-4	+	1	+	11.8	-1.9	+	1.8	4
Female	14	-7	+	2	+	8.6	-4.1	+	1.9	1
Inactivity *										
Male	111	1	+	8	+	40.3	1.0	+	4.0	1
Female	108	-4	+	2	+	39.7	-0.8	+	2.2	•

UK		L	_evel ('00	0)				Rate		
	Level	change Jan 20 Dec 2	e on 20 -	change Jan 20 [,] Dec 2(19 -	Rate	change on Jan 2020 - Dec 2020		change Jan 20 ⁻ Dec 20	19 -
						(%)	(%pt	s)	(%pts	5)
Employme	nt*									
Male	1,760	-44	+	-137	+	50.8	-0.8	+	-3.0	+
Female	1,721	-56	+	-118	+	51.8	-1.2	+	-2.7	+
ILO Unemp	oloyment **									
Male	282	-31	+	-6	+	13.8	-1.0	+	0.6	+
Female	218	-31	+	29	+	11.3	-1.0	+	1.9	+
Inactivity *										
Male	1,425	41	+	81	+	41.1	1.6	+	3.0	+
Female	1,384	58	+	35		41.7	2.1	+	1.7	+

Source: Annual Population Survey, ONS

Notes: *denominator = 16-24 population; ** denominator = economically active population aged 16-24

IMPORTANT NOTE: Annual Population Survey (APS) responses for periods from April 2019 - March 2020 onwards were reweighted in August 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).



Source: Annual Population Survey, ONS

Table 3.1a: Employment rates and levels of the population aged 16-64 by disability status,

		Act Disabled loyment	•	y Act Disabled loyment	Disabled Employment
	Rate	Level (000s)	Rate	Level (000s)	Rate Gap (%pt
Jan 2014 - Dec 2014	41.5	251	79.4	2,213	37.9
Jan 2015 - Dec 2015	41.9	263	80.3	2,229	38.4
Jan 2016 - Dec 2016	42.8	279	80.2	2,217	37.4
Jan 2017 - Dec 2017	45.3	297	81.2	2,245	35.9
Jan 2018 - Dec 2018	45.6	307	81.1	2,231	35.5
Jan 2019 - Dec 2019	49.0	349	81.6	2,215	32.6
Jan 2020 - Dec 2020	47.2	336	80.6	2,175	33.4
Jan 2021 - Dec 2021	49.7	407	80.7	2,084	31.0
change on year (% point for rate)	2.5	70	0.2	-91	-2.3

Source: Annual Population Survey, ONS

Table 3.1b: Employment rates and levels of the population aged 16-64 by disability status, Scotland 2014-2022 (LFS)

	Equality Act Disabled Employment		•	Not Equality Act Disabled Employment		
	Rate	Level (000s)	Rate	Level (000s)	Rate Gap (%pt)	
Jan-Mar 2014	41.9	242	79.6	2,246	37.7	
Jan-Mar 2015	43.9	261	81.0	2,278	37.1	
Jan-Mar 2016	42.4	261	79.9	2,236	37.5	
Jan-Mar 2017	41.7	268	81.4	2,266	39.7	
Jan-Mar 2018	47.2	301	81.1	2,254	33.9	
Jan-Mar 2019	45.5	300	82.1	2,273	36.6	
Jan-Mar 2020	47.8	351	82.0	2,201	34.2	
Jan-Mar 2021	48.9	386	81.8	2,150	32.9	
Jan-Mar 2022	48.8	408	84.7	2,168	35.9	
change on year (% point for rate)	-0.1	22	2.9	18	3.0	

Source: Labour Force Survey, ONS

Questions used to derive current disability status of a person were changed in the April-June 2013 dataset. Subsequent datasets are therefore not directly comparable to equivalent periods in earlier years. See Notes (page 43) for further information.

Information is shown from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) and the Annual Population Survey (APS) for the same measure. Although the LFS is more timely, the APS is based on a larger sample size and therefore has a higher degree of reliability.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates from Jan-Mar 2020 to Feb-Apr 2021 were reweighted in July 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual Population Survey (APS) responses for periods from April 2019 - March 2020 onwards were also reweighted by the same method in August 2021. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).

 Table 3.2: Employment rates and levels of the population aged 16-64 by ethnicity and sex, Scotland, 2011

 2021

not seasonally adjusted

	White Employment		Minority Ethnic Employment		ite Employment Minority Ethnic Employment		Ethnicity Employment
	Rate	Level (000s)	Rate	Level (000s)	Rate Gap (%pt		
Jan 2011 - Dec 2011	70.8	2,348	61.4	72	9.4		
Jan 2012 - Dec 2012	71.0	2,332	59.0	80	12.0		
Jan 2013 - Dec 2013	71.3	2,351	56.0	67	15.4		
Jan 2014 - Dec 2014	73.2	2,386	60.0	90	13.2		
Jan 2015 - Dec 2015	73.7	2,401	58.9	85	14.8		
Jan 2016 - Dec 2016	73.8	2,401	57.5	98	16.3		
Jan 2017 - Dec 2017	75.0	2,444	60.4	107	14.5		
Jan 2018 - Dec 2018	75.1	2,453	55.4	97	19.7		
Jan 2019 - Dec 2019	75.7	2,460	59.3	115	16.4		
Jan 2020 - Dec 2020	74.0	2,413	64.2	111	9.7		
Jan 2021 - Dec 2021	73.8	2,387	62.1	115	11.7		
change on year (% point for rate)	-0.1	-27	-2.2	4	2.0		

Male

	White E	mployment	Minority Ethnic Employment		Ethnicity Employment
	Rate	Level (000s)	Rate	Level (000s)	Rate Gap (%pt)
Jan 2011 - Dec 2011	74.9	1,211	72.9	45	2.1
Jan 2012 - Dec 2012	74.6	1,196	72.1	49	2.5
Jan 2013 - Dec 2013	74.8	1,202	63.8	39	11.0
Jan 2014 - Dec 2014	76.7	1,221	72.6	53	4.1
Jan 2015 - Dec 2015	76.3	1,214	73.3	51	3.0
Jan 2016 - Dec 2016	77.1	1,228	71.5	58	5.7
Jan 2017 - Dec 2017	78.1	1,243	71.9	63	6.2
Jan 2018 - Dec 2018	78.5	1,256	67.3	55	11.2
Jan 2019 - Dec 2019	78.5	1,250	69.0	61	9.5
Jan 2020 - Dec 2020	76.0	1,214	73.2	60	2.9
Jan 2021 - Dec 2021	75.7	1,199	76.9	67	-1.2
change on year (% point for rate)	-0.3	-15	3.8	7	-4.1

Female

	White E	hite Employment Mino		Minority Ethnic Employment	
	Rate	Level (000s)	Rate	Level (000s)	Rate Gap (%pt)
Jan 2011 - Dec 2011	66.9	1,136	48.9	27	18.0
Jan 2012 - Dec 2012	67.6	1,136	45.6	31	21.9
Jan 2013 - Dec 2013	68.0	1,149	47.7	28	20.4
Jan 2014 - Dec 2014	69.8	1,165	48.1	37	21.8
Jan 2015 - Dec 2015	71.2	1,187	45.2	33	26.0
Jan 2016 - Dec 2016	70.6	1,173	44.8	40	25.7
Jan 2017 - Dec 2017	72.0	1,200	49.4	44	22.6
Jan 2018 - Dec 2018	71.8	1,197	45.0	42	26.8
Jan 2019 - Dec 2019	73.1	1,210	51.1	54	22.0
Jan 2020 - Dec 2020	72.0	1,200	56.2	51	15.8
Jan 2021 - Dec 2021	72.0	1,188	49.0	48	23.0
change on year (% point for rate)	0.0	-12	-7.2	-3	7.2

Source: Annual Population Survey, ONS (Jan-Dec datasets)

IMPORTANT NOTE: Annual Population Survey (APS) responses for periods from April 2019 - March 2020 onwards were reweighted in August 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).

	Jan-Mar 2022 (000s)	change Mar 2 (00		change Mar 2 (00	2019
Total‡	2,687	40	↑	20	1
Employees‡	2,384	38	↑	25	+
Self employed‡	286	-6	+	-8	+
Jnpaid family workers	9	3	↑	0	\leftrightarrow
Government-supported training and employment programmes	7	5	+	2	↑
Full-time workers	1,981	-4	+	18	+
Part-time workers	704	47	+	3	+
Norkers with second jobs	105	16	+	18	♠
remporary workers	139	15	↑	24	↑
All males in employment					
Total‡	1,337	1	+	-32	+
Employees‡	1,149	-4	÷	-27	÷
Self employed‡	177	0	\leftrightarrow	-11	+
Jnpaid family workers	6	2	+	2	+
Government-supported training and employment programmes	5	*	-	*	-
Full-time workers	1,154	-14	+	-45	+
Part-time workers	182	17	+	14	+
Norkers with second jobs	57	24	+	29	
Temporary workers	46	-7	+	-10	÷
All females in employment					
Γotal‡	1,350	39	+	52	+
Employees‡	1,236	43	+	52	+
Self employed‡	109	-5	+	3	♠
Jnpaid family workers	3	1	+	-2	+
Government-supported training and employment programmes	*	*	-	*	-
Full-time workers	826	9	+	63	+
Part-time workers	522	30	+	-12	÷
Norkers with second jobs	49	-8	+	-11	+
Temporary workers	94	21		34	 ▲

‡ Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.

* Estimate suppressed as below reliability threshold.

Quality indicator

Shaded estimates are based on a small sample size. This may result in a less precise estimates, which should be used with caution. Unshaded estimates are based on a larger sample size. This is likely to result in estimates of higher precision, although they will still be subject to some sampling variability.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates from Jan-Mar 2020 to Feb-Apr 2021 were reweighted in July 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).

	Scot	land	U	K
	Rate (%)	Level (000s)	Rate (%)	Level (000s)
Jan 2011 - Dec 2011	9.9	243	9.7	2,782
Jan 2012 - Dec 2012	10.0	246	10.0	2,897
Jan 2013 - Dec 2013	9.6	237	10.0	2,937
Jan 2014 - Dec 2014	8.6	216	9.2	2,749
Jan 2015 - Dec 2015	9.2	234	8.6	2,651
Jan 2016 - Dec 2016	8.4	214	8.1	2,521
Jan 2017 - Dec 2017	8.0	209	7.8	2,467
Jan 2018 - Dec 2018	7.4	194	6.9	2,199
Jan 2019 - Dec 2019	7.1	187	7.1	2,272
Jan 2020 - Dec 2020	8.1	210	7.8	2,513
Jan 2021 - Dec 2021	6.5	166	6.7	2,122
change on year (%pt for rate)	-1.7	-44	-1.2	-392
change on Jan 2019 - Dec 2019 (%pt for rate)	-0.6	-21	-0.4	-151

Source: Annual Population Survey, ONS

Notes:

1 - Levels and rates based on working population aged 16 and over

2 - Underemployment rate based on those in employment (excludes those who did not respond to underemployment questions)

3 - Underemployment includes:

- those looking for more hours in their current role at same rate of pay

- those looking for an additional job

- those looking for a replacement job with more hours than their current job.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Annual Population Survey (APS) responses for periods January-December 2020 and January-December 2021 have been weighted to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).

Table 3.5: Employment rates by highest qualification held and sex, Scotland and UK,Jan 2021 - Dec 2021

not seasonall	lv adjusted	
not seasonall	y aujusieu	

not seasonally adjusted	Sco	otland			UK			
	change on Jan 2021 - Jan 2020 - Dec 2021 Dec 2020 (%) (%pt)		020 - 2020	Jan 2021 - Dec 2021 (%)		-		
All								
Degree level and above	85.4	1.3	↑	86.5	0.5	1		
SVQ 4	79.3	0.5	↑	80.5	0.0	\leftrightarrow		
SVQ 3	69.8	-1.6	÷	74.6	-0.5	+		
SVQ 2	61.6	-2.6	÷	65.8	-1.4	¥		
SVQ 1	55.2	4.6	↑	60.0	-2.3	÷		
Other qualification	67.3	-1.8	÷	71.8	-3.0	÷		
No qualifications	43.9	-2.3	÷	42.7	-0.6	÷		
Males								
Degree level and above	86.5	0.9	↑	88.9	0.3	↑		
SVQ 4	82.4	-0.9	÷	84.1	-0.3	÷		
SVQ 3	73.7	-1.7	÷	77.6	-0.7	÷		
SVQ 2	64.2	-3.1	÷	70.1	-1.4	÷		
SVQ 1	66.1	13.8	+	65.7	-2.0	+		
Other qualification	77.2	-0.2	÷	80.2	-1.9	÷		
No qualifications	47.6	0.0	\leftrightarrow	49.4	-0.8	+		
Females								
Degree level and above	84.5	1.5	+	84.3	0.7	+		
SVQ 4	76.8	1.7	↑	77.4	0.2	+		
SVQ 3	65.0	-1.3	÷	71.2	-0.2	÷		
SVQ 2	59.4	-2.3	÷	61.7	-1.4	Ŧ		
SVQ 1	41.2	-7.3	÷	53.2	-2.6	¥		
Other qualification	57.4	-2.4	÷	61.7	-3.5	÷		
No qualifications	39.9	-4.6	÷	34.8	-0.4	+		

Source: Annual Population Survey, ONS

IMPORTANT NOTE: Annual Population Survey (APS) responses for periods from April 2019 - March 2020 onwards were reweighted in August 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).

Table 4.1: Unemployment by duration, Annual Population Survey, Jan 2021 - Dec 2021not seasonally adjusted

		chan	ige on Jan 2	2020 - Dec 2020		
	Level	Level				_
Scotland	(000s)	(000s))	%		
Less than 6 months	54	-18	÷	-24.7	÷	
6 months and less than 12 months	19	2	+	12.8	+	
1 year and less than 2 years	17	4	+	35.0	+	
2 years or more	16	-1	+	-5.2	+	

		change on Ja	n 2020 - Dec 2020
UK	 Level (000s)	Level (000s)	%
Less than 6 months	776	-232 +	-23.0 +
6 months and less than 12 months	282	47 🕇	19.8 🕇
1 year and less than 2 years	221	70 🕇	46.0 🕇
2 years or more	201	39 🕇	24.5 🕇

Source: Annual Population Survey, ONS

Note: Levels based on persons aged 16 and over

IMPORTANT NOTE: Annual Population Survey (APS) responses for periods from April 2019 - March 2020 onwards were reweighted in August 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).

Table 4.2: Model-based unemployment levels and rates by local authority, Jan 2021-Dec 2021 not seasonally adjusted										
	Jan 2021-I Rate	Dec 2021 Level	change Rate (^e		n 2020-Dec Level Cl		chang Rate (°		Jan 2019-Dec Level Cł	
Aberdeen City	4.1	5,200	-0.4	•••••	-300	+	1.0	/opt/	1,100	
Aberdeenshire	3.3	4,300	0.5	+	300	+	1.0	+	1,000	+
Angus	3.5	2,000	-0.5	÷	-100	+	0.3	+	200	+
Argyll and Bute	3.6	1,400	0.1	+	0	\leftrightarrow	0.7	+	200	+
City of Edinburgh	3.6	10,500	-0.4	÷	-800	+	1.0	+	3,300	+
Clackmannanshire	3.8	900	-0.9	÷	-300	+	0.5	+	100	+
Dumfries and Galloway	3.7	2,400	-0.3	Ŧ	-200	+	0.5	+	200	+
Dundee City	4.9	3,600	-0.5	÷	-400	+	-0.5	÷	-200	+
East Ayrshire	4.0	2,400	-1.2	÷	-600	÷	-0.5	÷	-300	÷
East Dunbartonshire	3.3	1,700	0.1	+	0	\leftrightarrow	0.7	+	300	+
East Lothian	3.0	1,700	-1.1	÷	-400	+	0.3	+	200	+
East Renfrewshire	3.6	1,500	0.1	+	-100	+	0.9	+	300	+
Falkirk	3.5	2,800	-0.9	÷	-800	+	-0.2	÷	-200	+
Fife	4.1	6,700	-0.8	÷	-1,900	+	0.0	\leftrightarrow	-600	+
Glasgow City	5.3	17,400	0.1	1	300	+	0.6	+	2,900	+
Highland	3.4	4,000	0.3	+	100	+	0.6	+	700	+
Inverclyde	3.8	1,500	-1.3	÷	-300	+	-1.0	÷	-200	+
Midlothian	2.9	1,400	-0.7	÷	-300	+	0.2	+	100	+
Moray	3.5	1,600	-0.2	÷	-200	+	0.3	+	0	\leftrightarrow
Na h-Eileanan Siar	3.0	400	-0.3	÷	0	\leftrightarrow	0.6	+	100	+
North Ayrshire	4.9	2,700	-0.4	÷	-400	+	-0.4	+	-600	÷
North Lanarkshire	4.1	6,500	-1.3	÷	-2,300	+	0.0	\leftrightarrow	-600	+
Orkney Islands	3.1	300	0.5	+	0	\leftrightarrow	1.2	+	100	+
Perth and Kinross	3.0	2,300	-0.8	+	-600	+	0.7	1	400	+
Renfrewshire	3.5	3,100	-0.8	÷	-900	+	-0.2	÷	-300	+
Scottish Borders	4.1	2,000	0.7	1	100	+	1.1	1	300	+
Shetland Islands	2.5	300	-0.1	÷	0	\leftrightarrow	0.3	+	0	\leftrightarrow
South Ayrshire	4.1	2,000	-0.8	+	-500	+	0.4	1	100	+
South Lanarkshire	3.6	5,900	-0.6	÷	-1,100	+	0.4	+	800	+
Stirling	3.7	1,700	0.2	1	100	+	-0.1	+	-100	+
West Dunbartonshire	4.3	1,800	-0.7	÷	-400	+	-0.1	÷	-200	+
West Lothian	3.3	3,000	-0.7	Ŧ	-800	+	0.4	1	200	+
Scotland	3.9	105,100	-0.4	¥	-12,300	÷	0.4	+	9,300	+

Table 4.2: Madel based un a by least sutherity Jan 2021 Dec 2021 ---a d u a t

Sources: Annual Population Survey (ONS), Claimant Count (DWP)

Notes:

1. Levels rounded to the nearest hundred.

2. Rates are calculated on unrounded figures but changes over time are calculated on rounded levels and rates.

3. Totals may not equal the sum of individual parts due to rounding.

4. Unemployment estimates for local authority areas are model-based. Estimates for Scotland are not model-based and are taken directly from the Annual Population Survey.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Model-based unemployment levels and rates for periods from April 2019-March 2020 onwards were reweighted in September 2021 based on Annual Population Survey (APS) responses that were reweighted in August 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual comparisons within this table are therefore based on estimates which may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).

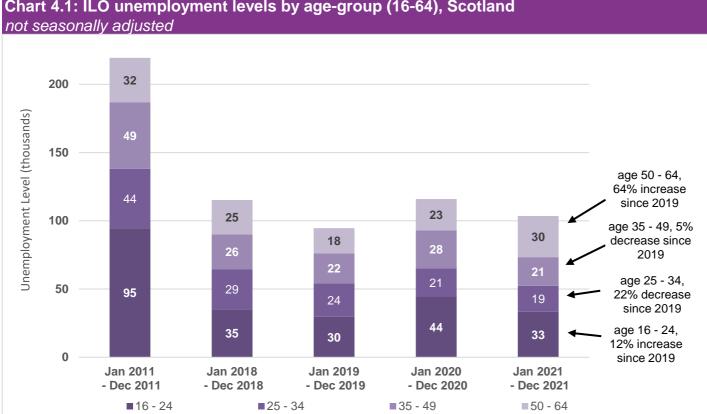
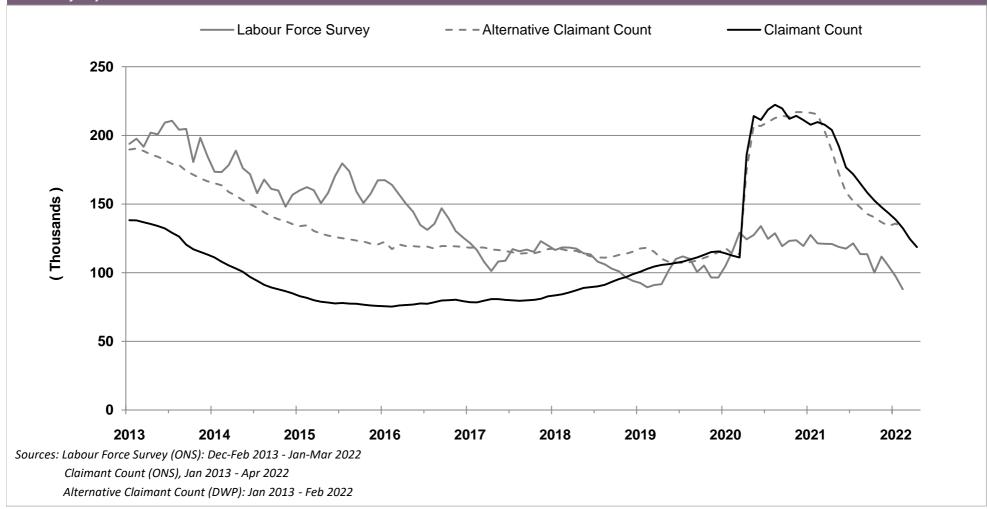


Chart 4.1: ILO unemployment levels by age-group (16-64), Scotland

IMPORTANT NOTE: Annual Population Survey (APS) responses for periods from April 2020 - March 2021 onwards were reweighted in August 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Therefore January 2020 - December 2020 estimates within this chart may differ from those previously published. For further information, see Notes (page 43).

Source: Annual Population Survey, ONS (Jan-Dec datasets)

Chart 5.1: Unemployment, Alternative Claimant Count and Claimant Count levels, Scotland, January 2013 - April 2022 seasonally adjusted



IMPORTANT NOTE: Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates from Jan-Mar 2020 to Feb-Apr 2021 were reweighted in July 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. For further information, see Notes (page 43).

Table 5.1a: Claimant Count levels, April 2022 (Experimental data)

	Level	change on Level previous month		change on pre- pandemic (March 2020)
	(000s)	(000s)	(000s) (000s)	
Scotland	119	-6 🔸	-85 🔸	8 🕇
England	1,391	-46 🔸	-831 🔸	358 🕇
Wales	66	-4 🔸	-42 🔶	8 🕇
Northern Ireland	37	-1 🔸	-19 🔶	7 🕇
UK	1,613	-57 🔸	-977 🔸	381 🕇

Table 5.1b: Claimant Count rates, April 2022 (Experimental data)

	Rate (%)	change on previous month (%pts)	change on previous year (%pts)	change on pre- pandemic (March 2020) (%pts)
Scotland	3.9	-0.2 🔸	-2.8 🔸	0.4 🕇
England	4.1	-0.1 🔸	-2.5 🔸	1.1 🕇
Wales	4.0	-0.2 🖊	-2.5 🔸	0.5 🕇
Northern Ireland	3.9	-0.1 🔸	-2.0 🔸	0.9 🕇
UK	4.1	-0.1 🔸	-2.5 🔸	1.0 🕇

Source: Claimant Count, ONS (seasonally adjusted) Notes:

1. Levels rounded to nearest 1000.

2. The Claimant Count rate is calculated as a proportion of Claimant Count + Workforce jobs.

3. Claimant count rates are workplace based.

4. Data in these tables are seasonally adjusted. Therefore, they are not consistent with Table 5.2 onwards as these are based on data that is not seasonally adjusted.

ONS re-classified the Claimant Count series as experimental following the introduction of DWP Universal Credit and concerns that this series may be misleading.

See Notes (page 43) for further information.

Table 5.2: Claimant Count by local authority (Experimental data) not seasonally adjusted

	April 2022 % Change on ye Total Claimants		on year	Claimant Count rate (%)	Change on year (%pts)		
Aberdeen City	5,590	-40.9	+	3.6	-2.5	+	
Aberdeenshire	3,578	-43.8	+	2.2	-1.7	+	
Angus	2,034	-44.4	÷	3.0	-2.4	+	
Argyll and Bute	1,607	-42.6	+	3.2	-2.4	+	
City of Edinburgh	9,423	-48.0	+	2.6	-2.4	+	
Clackmannanshire	1,251	-38.3	+	3.9	-2.4	+	
Dumfries and Galloway	2,793	-37.7	+	3.2	-2.0	+	
Dundee City	4,383	-35.6	+	4.4	-2.4	+	
East Ayrshire	3,587	-36.0	+	4.8	-2.7	+	
East Dunbartonshire	1,383	-43.6	+	2.1	-1.7	+	
East Lothian	1,687	-50.7	+	2.6	-2.6	+	
East Renfrewshire	1,062	-48.2	+	1.9	-1.7	+	
Falkirk	3,365	-43.1	+	3.3	-2.5	+	
Fife	8,949	-38.4	+	3.9	-2.4	+	
Glasgow City	23,369	-35.1	+	5.2	-2.8	+	
Highland	3,758	-49.9	+	2.6	-2.6	+	
Inverclyde	2,032	-34.0	+	4.2	-2.2	+	
Midlothian	1,467	-50.8	+	2.6	-2.6	+	
Moray	1,628	-43.8	+	2.8	-2.2	+	
Na h-Eileanan Siar	420	-43.5	+	2.7	-2.1	+	
North Ayrshire	4,060	-37.5	+	5.0	-3.0	+	
North Lanarkshire	8,515	-39.6	+	3.9	-2.5	+	
Orkney Islands	228	-38.0	+	1.7	-1.0	+	
Perth and Kinross	2,324	-43.2	+	2.5	-1.9	+	
Renfrewshire	3,848	-45.3	+	3.3	-2.8	+	
Scottish Borders	2,140	-40.3	+	3.2	-2.1	+	
Shetland Islands	287	-33.7	+	2.1	-1.0	+	
South Ayrshire	2,687	-40.6	+	4.1	-2.8	+	
South Lanarkshire	7,251	-41.0	+	3.6	-2.5	+	
Stirling	1,376	-48.5	+	2.3	-2.1	+	
West Dunbartonshire	2,751	-37.7	+	4.9	-3.0	+	
West Lothian	3,375	-46.8	+	2.9	-2.5	+	
Scotland	122,208	-41.0	+	3.5	-2.4	+	

Source: Claimant Count, ONS

Notes:

1. Levels rounded to nearest 5.

2. The Claimant Count rate is calculated as a proportion of the resident population, aged 16-64, based on the Mid-year population estimates for 2020.

ONS re-classified the Claimant Count series as experimental following the introduction of DWP Universal Credit and concerns that this series may be misleading.

See Notes (page 43) for further information.

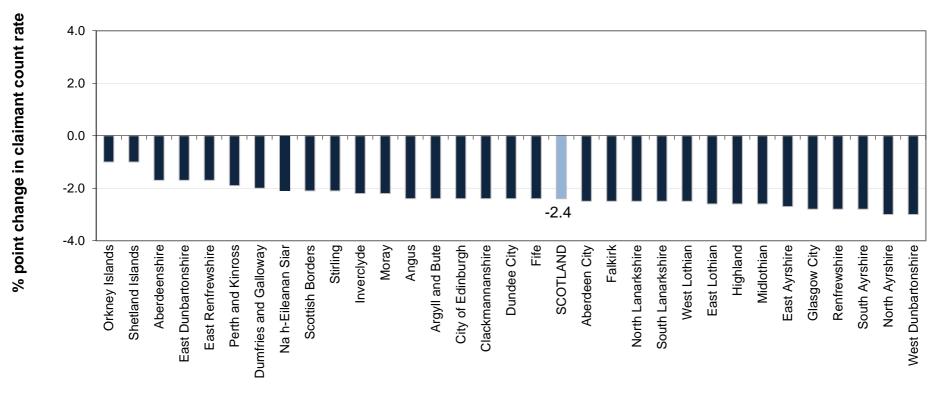


Chart 5.2: Change in Claimant Count rate by local authority, April 2021 to April 2022 (Experimental data)

Source: Claimant Count, ONS

Notes:

1. Claimant Count rates are based on unrounded data. Chart labels are rounded to one decimal place.

2. Claimant Count rates in each local authority and for Scotland are calculated as a proportion of the resident population, aged 16-64, based on the Mid-year population estimates for 2020.

Table 5.3: 16-24 Claimant Count levels and rates, Scotland and UK (Experimental data)

	Scot	land	UK			
	Level	Rate (%)	Level Rate			
April 2021	39,760	7.0	500,170	7.1		
April 2022	19,335	3.4	261,645	3.7		
Change on year (rate as %pt)	-20,425	-3.6	-238,525	-3.4		

Source: Claimant Count, ONS

Table 5.4: 16-24 Claimant Count levels and rates by sex, Scotland(Experimental data)not seasonally adjusted								
	Ма	ale	Fem	ale				
	Level	Rate (%)	Level	Rate (%)				
April 2021	25,105	8.7	14,655	5.3				
April 2022	12,305	4.3	7,025	2.5				
Change on year (rate as %pt)	-12,800	-4.4	-7,625	-2.7				

Source: Claimant Count, ONS

Notes:

1. Levels rounded to nearest 5.

2. These Claimant Count rates for 16-24 year olds have been produced by the Scottish Government and are calculated as a proportion of the resident population, aged 16-24, based on the Mid-year population estimates for 2020.

ONS re-classified the Claimant Count series as experimental following the introduction of DWP Universal Credit and concerns that this series may be misleading.

See Notes (page 43) for further information.

Table 5.5: 16-24 Claimant Count levels and rates by Local Authority, April 2022 (Experimental data)

	L	Rate				
	April 2022	change	on year	April 2022	change %p	-
Scotland	19,335	-20,425	+	3.4	-3.6	÷
ocal Authority Area						
Aberdeen City	830	-850	+	3.2	-3.2	+
Aberdeenshire	635	-685	+	2.8	-3.1	+
Angus	375	-380	+	3.5	-3.6	+
Argyll and Bute	250	-235	+	3.1	-2.9	+
City of Edinburgh	1,225	-1,685	+	1.9	-2.6	+
Clackmannanshire	210	-245	+	4.2	-4.9	+
Dumfries and Galloway	400	-435	+	3.1	-3.4	+
Dundee City	780	-670	+	3.8	-3.3	+
East Ayrshire	590	-570	+	5.1	-4.9	+
East Dunbartonshire	220	-225	+	2.2	-2.2	+
East Lothian	265	-415	+	2.8	-4.4	+
East Renfrewshire	165	-245	+	1.7	-2.6	+
Falkirk	615	-630	+	4.0	-4.1	+
Fife	1,590	-1,405	+	4.0	-3.5	+
Glasgow City	3,335	-2,750	+	4.2	-3.5	+
Highland	565	-870	+	2.7	-4.2	+
Inverclyde	345	-275	+	4.6	-3.7	+
Midlothian	265	-385	+	3.1	-4.5	+
Moray	260	-335	+	2.9	-3.7	+
Na h-Eileanan Siar	50	-65	+	2.4	-3.4	+
North Ayrshire	690	-655	+	5.3	-5.0	+
North Lanarkshire	1,450	-1,365	+	4.0	-3.8	+
Orkney Islands	40	-50	+	2.2	-2.8	+
Perth and Kinross	350	-490	+	2.6	-3.6	+
Renfrewshire	600	-735	+	3.4	-4.2	+
Scottish Borders	340	-430	+	3.4	-4.3	+
Shetland Islands	55	-50	+	2.7	-2.4	+
South Ayrshire	400	-540	+	4.0	-5.3	+
South Lanarkshire	1,095	-1,220	+	3.6	-4.0	+
Stirling	205	-375	+	1.7	-3.1	+
West Dunbartonshire	495	-375	+	5.8	-4.4	+
West Lothian	640	-790	+	3.5	-4.4	+

Source: Claimant Count, ONS

Notes:

1. Levels rounded to nearest 5.

2. These Claimant Count rates for 16-24 year olds have been produced by the Scottish Government and are calculated as a

proportion of the resident population, aged 16-24, based on the Mid-year population estimates for 2020. ONS re-classified the Claimant Count series as experimental following the introduction of DWP Universal Credit and concerns that this series may be misleading.

See Notes (page 43) for further information.

Table 6.1: HMRC RTI data, Scotland and UK, March 2016 - March 2022 (Experimental data)

Scotland	March 2016	March 2017	March 2018	March 2019	March 2020	March 2021	March 2022
Total payrolled employees (000s)	2,349	2,356	2,367	2,388	2,383	2,312	2,407
Annual Growth (%)		0.3	0.5	0.9	-0.2	-3.0	4.1
Aggregate pay per month (£million)	5,008	5,121	5,242	5,628	5,598	5,642	6,272
Annual Growth (%)		2.2	2.4	7.4	-0.5	0.8	11.2
Median monthly pay (£ per month)	1,682	1,698	1,751	1,836	1,854	1,963	2,053
Annual Growth (%)		1.0	3.1	4.9	1.0	5.9	4.6
Mean monthly pay (£ per month)	2,132	2,174	2,215	2,357	2,350	2,441	2,606
Annual Growth (%)		2.0	1.9	6.4	-0.3	3.9	6.8
UK	March 2016	March 2017	March 2018	March 2019	March 2020	March 2021	March 2022
Total payrolled employees (000s)	27,818	28,143	28,494	28,848	28,991	28,193	29,419
Annual Growth (%)		1.2	1.2	1.2	0.5	-2.8	4.4
Aggregate pay per month (£million)	62,489	65,305	68,204	72,031	73,373	74,818	85,035
Annual Growth (%)		4.5	4.4	5.6	1.9	2.0	13.7
Median monthly pay (£ per month)	1,646	1,686	1,731	1,801	1,847	1,950	2,078
Annual Growth (%)		2.4	2.7	4.0	2.6	5.6	6.6
Mean monthly pay (£ per month)	2,246	2,320	2,394	2,497	2,531	2,654	2,890
Annual Growth (%)		3.3	3.2	4.3	1.4	4.9	8.9

Source: PAYE real-time information, Seasonally adjusted (HMRC)

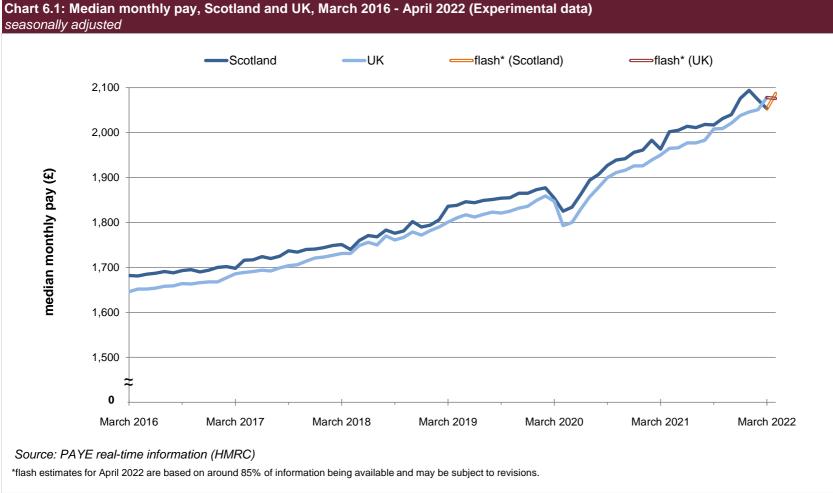
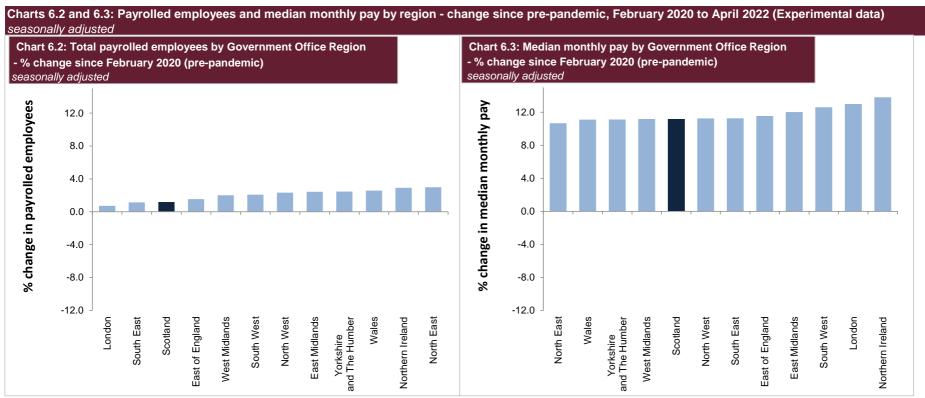
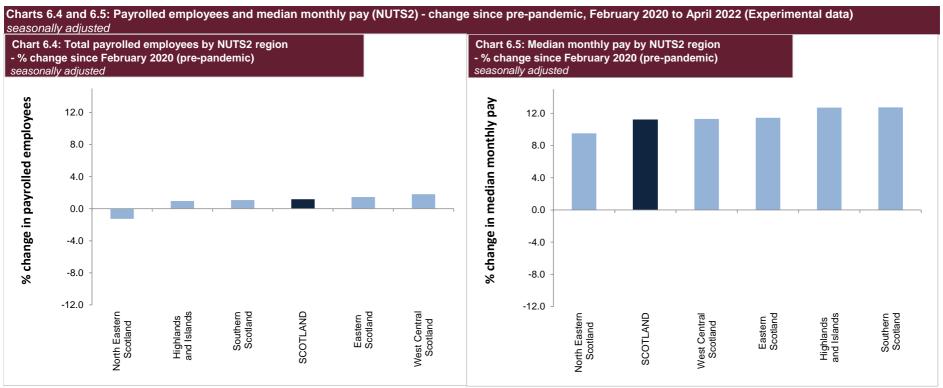


Chart 6.1: Median monthly pay, Scotland and UK, March 2016 - April 2022 (Experimental data)



Source: PAYE real-time information (HMRC)

Early (flash) estimates for April 2022 are based on around 85% of information and are more likely to be subject to more significant revisions.



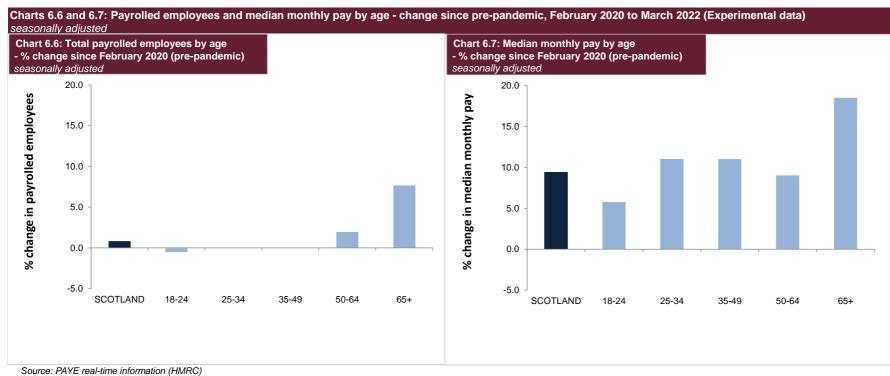
Source: PAYE real-time information (HMRC)

Early (flash) estimates for April 2022 are based on around 85% of information and are more likely to be subject to more significant revisions.

Table 6.2: HMRC RTI data (NUTS2 and NUTS3 areas), April 2022 (Experimental data)

	Pay	rolled employ	ees	Median monthly pay		
	Level (000s)	% chang February 2 pande	2020 (pre-	£ per month	% change since February 2020 (pre- pandemic)	
Scotland	2,416	1.2	+	2,087	11.2	+
North Eastern Scotland	226	-1.3	+	2,209	9.5	+
Aberdeen City and Aberdeenshire	226	-1.3	+	2,209	9.5	+
Highlands and Islands	204	1.0	↑	2,005	12.7	+
Caithness and Sutherland and Ross and Cromarty	39	0.5		2,003	11.6	+
Inverness and Nairn and Moray, Badenoch and Strathspey	91	1.1	↑	2,021	12.5	+
Lochaber, Skye and Lochalsh, Arran and Cumbrae and Argyll and Bute	41	0.8	+	1,928	14.3	+
Na h-Eileanan Siar	12	3.1	+	2,105	13.4	+
Orkney Islands	10	2.0	†	1,926	11.8	+
Shetland Islands	11	-0.1	+	2,271	12.3	+
Eastern Scotland	899	1.5	↑	2,102	11.5	+
Angus and Dundee City	113	1.5	+	1,945	9.2	+
City of Edinburgh	244	2.1	+	2,227	12.9	+
Clackmannanshire and Fife	181	0.8	+	2,044	11.1	+
East Lothian and Midlothian	94	2.8	+	2,112	12.6	+
Falkirk	74	0.0	\leftrightarrow	2,124	9.6	+
Perth and Kinross and Stirling	106	1.4	+	2,059	11.9	+
West Lothian	88	1.3	+	2,141	10.9	+
West Central Scotland	683	1.9	+	2,087	11.3	+
East Dunbartonshire, West Dunbartonshire and Helensburgh and Lomond	99	0.5	+	2,198	12.2	+
Glasgow City	267	3.0	†	2,018	12.2	†
Inverclyde, East Renfrewshire and Renfrewshire	159	1.3	+	2,129	11.0	+
North Lanarkshire	158	1.4	+	2,119	11.1	+
Southern Scotland	404	1.1	+	2,044	12.7	+
Dumfries and Galloway	59	1.2	†	1,907	12.5	+
East Ayrshire and North Ayrshire mainland	104	1.0	↑	2,021	10.9	+
Scottish Borders	47	0.6	+	1,938	14.2	+
South Ayrshire	44	0.5	†	2,019	13.0	+
South Lanarkshire	149	1.6	+	2,138	11.8	+

Source: PAYE real-time information, Seasonally adjusted (HMRC) Early (flash) estimates for April 2022 are based on around 85% of information and are more likely to be subject to more significant revisions.



Notes:

Based on early March 2022 estimates published in April 2022. March 2022 estimates were based on around 85% of information available at the time of publication and may be subject to more significant revisions. Annual changes in payrolled employees and median monthly pay by age are updated quarterly. The next estimates, comparing early estimates for June 2022 with February 2020, will be published in July 2022.

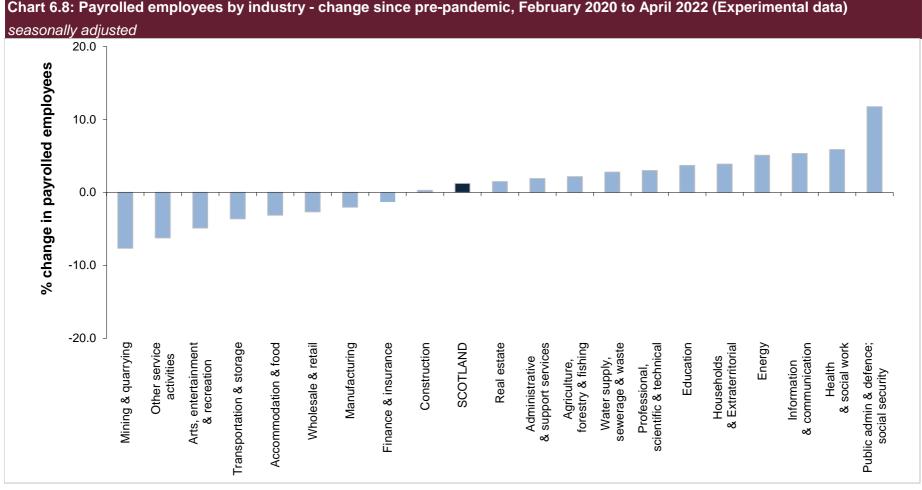


Chart 6.8: Payrolled employees by industry - change since pre-pandemic, February 2020 to April 2022 (Experimental data)

Source: PAYE real-time information (HMRC)

Notes:

Based on early April 2022 estimates published in May 2022. April 2022 estimates are based on around 85% of information available at the time of publication and may be subject to more significant revisions.

Annual change in payrolled employees by industry sector is updated quarterly. The next estimates, comparing early estimates for July 2022 with February 2020, will be published in August 2022.

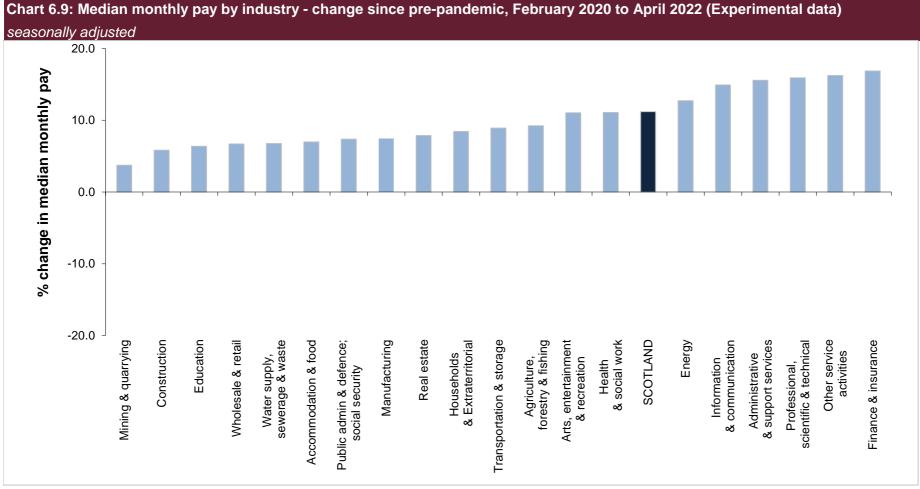


Chart 6.9: Median monthly pay by industry - change since pre-pandemic, February 2020 to April 2022 (Experimental data)

Source: PAYE real-time information (HMRC)

Notes:

Based on early April 2022 estimates published in May 2022. April 2022 estimates are based on around 85% of information available at the time of publication and may be subject to more significant revisions.

Annual change in payrolled employees by industry sector is updated quarterly. The next estimates, comparing early estimates for July 2022 with February 2020, will be published in August 2022.

Notes on the LFS/APS estimates [Sections 1 - 4]

IMPORTANT NOTE: Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates from Jan-Mar 2020 to Feb-Apr 2021 were reweighted in July 2021 to new populations derived using growth rates from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) Real Time Information (RTI) to allow for different trends during the COVID-19 pandemic. Annual Population Survey responses for periods from April 2019 - March 2020 onwards were also reweighted by the same method in August 2021. The reweighting will give improved estimates of both rates and levels estimated from these surveys.

Further information on the reweighting process and its impact on labour market statistics can be found in an ONS article at:

https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/articles/impactofreweightingonlabourforcesurveykeyindicatorsuk/2020

Subsequent to this reweighting, a small error was discovered in how it had been implemented. When calculating three-month averages for the PAYE real-time information (RTI) the months used were the previous three month average e.g. for the October to December LFS period, the RTI data used was for September to November. The impact on LFS economic activity estimates at national level is mostly below 0.1 per cent and the impact on rates is less than 0.02 percentage points. Estimates for Northern Ireland have not had the non-response bias adjustment from the recent reweighting fully applied. Early indications suggest the impact on UK headline rate estimates would be less than 0.1 percentage point. ONS will continue to investigate this and will keep users advised accordingly.

ONS are planning to reweight Labour Force Survey information for periods Jan-Mar 2020 onwards and Annual Population Survey data for Apr 2019 - Mar 2020 using HMRC RTI data. ONS intend to release the initial reweighted LFS estimates in their Labour Market publication in June 2022. ONS also plan to publish an article on 23 May 2022 which will provide indicative estimates of the impact of reweighting and a more detailed reweighting timeline.

Measures of disability [Tables 3.1a and 3.1b]

In the April-June 2013 dataset, and subsequent datasets, questions used to derive current disability status of a person were changed. Estimates are now based on the core definition of disability under the Equality Act 2010, as specified in the Government Statistical Service (GSS) Harmonised Standards for Questions on disability.

- The definition includes people with a health condition or illness lasting 12 months or more that reduces their ability to carry out day-to-day activities.
- The definition excludes certain non-core groups covered by the Equality Act, such as those with progressive or past conditions that do not currently limit their activities, and conditions that only limit their activities without medication or treatment.
- Respondents are now asked to take into account any medication that they are currently taking when previously they were asked to consider their day-to-day activities without the use of medication.

The introduction of this new definition has created a discontinuity in the series and estimates are not directly comparable with earlier periods

Claimant Count [Section 5]

The Claimant Count is not a measure of unemployment and changes in the Claimant Count will not be wholly because of changes in the number of people who are unemployed. It is a measure of the number of people claiming benefit principally for the reason of being unemployed:

- between January 1971 (when comparable estimates start) and September 1996, it is an estimate of the number of people who would have claimed unemployment-related benefits if Jobseeker's Allowance had existed at that time.
- between October 1996 and April 2013, the Claimant Count is a count of the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA).
- between May 2013 and October 2013, the Claimant Count includes all claimants of Universal Credit (including those who were in work) as well as all JSA claimants
- from November 2013, the Claimant Count includes all out of work Universal Credit claimants as well as all JSA claimants .
- From April 2015 onwards the claimant count includes those claimants of Universal Credit who are required to search for work, i.e. within the Searching for Work conditionality regime as defined by the Department for Work & Pensions as well as all JSA claimants

Information for April 2022 is for the number of claimants as at 14 April 2022.

In addition to the Claimant Count, the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) publishes quarterly Alternative Claimant Count statistics. These measure the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits by modelling what the Claimant Count would have looked like if Universal Credit had been in place since 2013. Further information on the Alternative Claimant Count can be found at:

https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/alternative-claimant-count-statistics

Further information

Further Labour Market information can be obtained from the following sites/sources.

Scottish Government Labour Market Statistics:

Further commentary and charts are published in *Labour Market Trends: May 2022* https://www.gov.scot/publications/labour-market-trends-may-2022/

Scottish Government Open Data:

https://statistics.gov.scot/home

ONS:

Labour Market Statistics Theme page

http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/taxonomy/index.html?nscl=Labour+Market

Regional Labour Market Statistics

https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/bulletins/regionallabourmarket/previousReleases

HMRC:

Earnings and employment statistics from Pay As You Earn (PAYE) Real Time Information <u>https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/earningsandworkinghours/bulletins/earningsandemploymentfrompayasyouearnrealtimeinformationonuk/previousReleases</u>

NOMIS:

Online database for official labour market statistics https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/default.asp

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