

Statistics Publication Notice

A National Statistics Publication for Scotland 11th September 2013



PUBLIC SECTOR EMPLOYMENT IN SCOTLAND STATISTICS FOR 2nd QUARTER 2013

The statistics in this release are based on administrative records and surveys of individual public sector bodies carried out by the Scottish Government and the Office for National Statistics (ONS). The publication includes information on public sector employment in Scotland with distinctions made for employment in devolved bodies and reserved bodies (located in Scotland).

Key Changes to the public sector affecting this publication:

Introduction of single services for Police and Fire in April 2013 and the reclassification of these services from local to central government: This reclassification has resulted in approximately 29,000 staff (headcount) moving to the central government category from local government. Also, from Q2 onwards the Scottish Police Authority (SPA), previously known as the Scottish Police Services Authority (SPSA) is included within the Police and Fire Services category rather than in Other Public Bodies category. See page 7 for more details.

Some of the key points (based on headcount) are as follows:

- In Q2 2013 there were 578,600 people employed in the public sector in Scotland, a decrease of 6,000 (1.0%) since Q2 2012. This level is now similar to that seen in 2003.
- There were 2,520,000 people in employment in Scotland in Q2 2013, an increase of 55,500 (2.3%) from 2,465,000 in Q2 2012. In Q2 2013 public sector employment accounted for 23.0% of total employment, down from 23.7% in Q2 2012 and from 24.3% in Q2 1999 (In 1999 financial institutions were not included in the public sector).
- In Q2 2013, there were 1,941,700 people employed in the private sector in Scotland, an increase of 61,400 (3.3%) over the year. Private sector employment in Scotland accounts for 77.0% of total employment; up from 76.3% in Q2 2012.

- Of the total 578,600 people employed in the public sector in Scotland, 84.0% (486,000; level down 3,000, a decrease of 0.6%) are accounted for by public sector employment devolved to Scotland and 16.0% (92,600; level down 3,000, a decrease of 3.1%) relates to reserved public sector employment.
- The decrease in the devolved public sector was driven by a decrease in employment in local government. However much of the decrease in employment in local government is the result of the police and fire services reclassification noted above. Over the year, employment in local government decreased by 34,100 (12.1%) while employment in central government saw a corresponding increase of 29,000 (11.7%).
- Within the reserved public sector the overall decrease in employment was driven by decreases in the reserved civil service (down 1,200) and public corporations (down 900). There were also decreases in employment in the financial institutions and public bodies.
- If banks were not included in the series:
 - Total public sector employment would have decreased by slightly less,
 5,500 (1.0%), rather than 6,000 (1.0%) over the year.
 - The number of people employed in the public sector in Scotland would be similar to that seen in 2000.
 - Employment in the reserved public sector in Scotland would have decreased by 2,500 (3.8%) instead of by 3,000 (3.1%) over the year.

N.B. Financial institutions are not included in the devolved public sector total.

Public Sector Employment Websection

This Websection is in addition to this National Statistics publication http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Labour-Market/PublicSectorEmployment

It contains detailed information including:

- Employment levels for public bodies in Scotland broken down by age (Q1 2012 and Q1 2013). Information by age is considered Official Statistics rather than National Statistics due to it being a new data series.
- Local government employment by local authority for the current quarter. A time series of total local government employment back to Q1 1999 and back to Q1 2011 by gender.
- Detailed tables showing a full time series of data all quarters back to Q1 1999 are also available to download.
- Background notes outlining the methodology used to compile this series.

UK Comparisons

Public Sector Employment for Government Office Regions and Nations of the UK can be found in the Office for National Statistics Publication.

Comparisons to UK data should be made using non-seasonally adjusted UK data.

See the regional tables at http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/rel/pse/public-sector-employment/index.html.

1. Total employment and public and private sector employment in Scotland; Headcount (Table 1)

Figure 1 provides a summary of total employment in Scotland and the breakdown of public and private sector employment. The public sector is defined according to the UK National Accounts Classifications Guide¹.

Figure 1: Public and Private Sector Employment, Scotland, Q2 2013

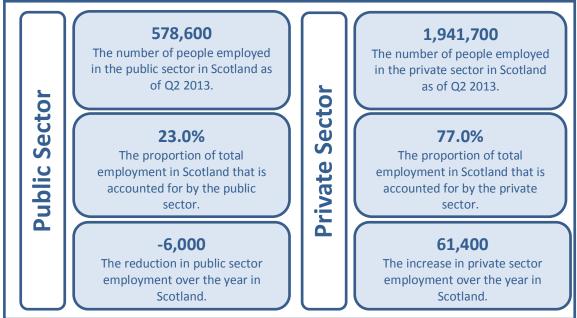
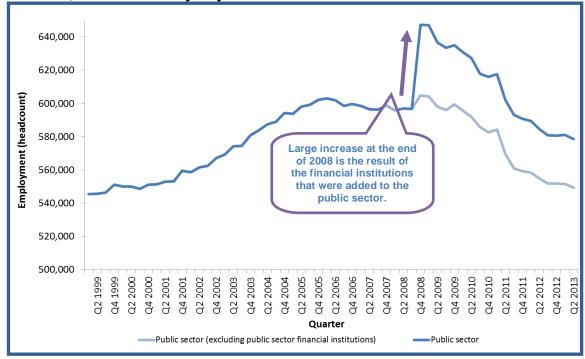


Chart 1: Total Public Sector Employment in Scotland, Headcount, Q1 1999 – Q2 2013, non-seasonally adjusted



¹ More information on the classification of organisations and institutions in the National Accounts are available in the Sector Classification Guide (MA23): http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/publications/re-reference-tables.html?edition=tcm%3A77-224305

As shown in Chart 1; the number of people employed in the public sector in Scotland is now at a similar level to that seen in 2003. The large increase in 2008 shows the inclusion of financial institutions (banks) in the public sector, however, if we exclude these banks the level is similar to that seen in 2000.

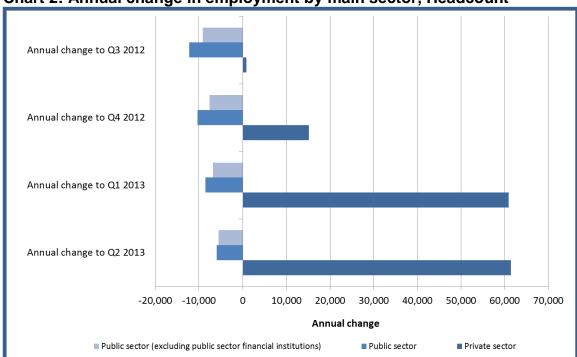


Chart 2: Annual change in employment by main sector, Headcount

Impact of excluding Public Sector Financial Institutions

If we exclude public sector financial institutions² from the series, there would be 549,300 people employed in the public sector in Q2 2013, representing 21.8% of total employment in Scotland.

Excluding these banking groups, public sector employment would have decreased by 5,500 (1.0%), over the year and by 3,700 (0.7%) since Q2 1999.

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² Public Sector Financial Institutions includes: Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, Lloyds Banking Group plc, Northern Rock plc and Lloyds TSB commercial banking. These are Public Financial Corporations and SIC 64

2. Public sector employment by devolved and reserved responsibility; Headcount (Table 3)

The devolved public sector covers those bodies which are the responsibility of the Scottish Government or Scottish Parliament. Whereas the reserved public sector in Scotland covers those bodies for which the UK Government has ministerial responsibility.

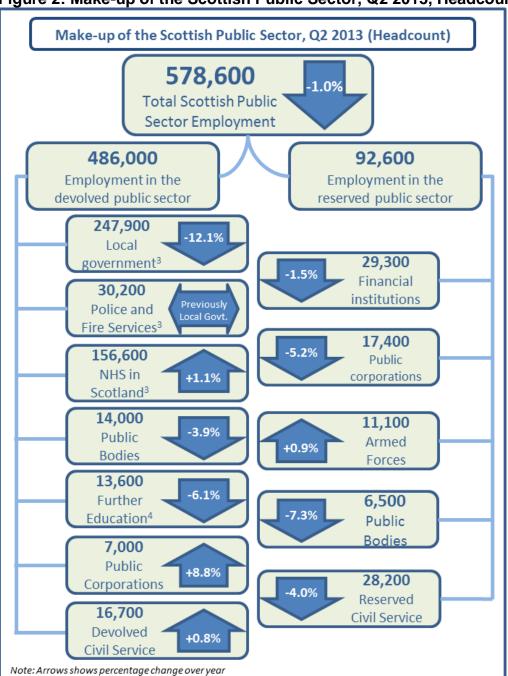


Figure 2: Make-up of the Scottish Public Sector, Q2 2013, Headcount^{3,4}

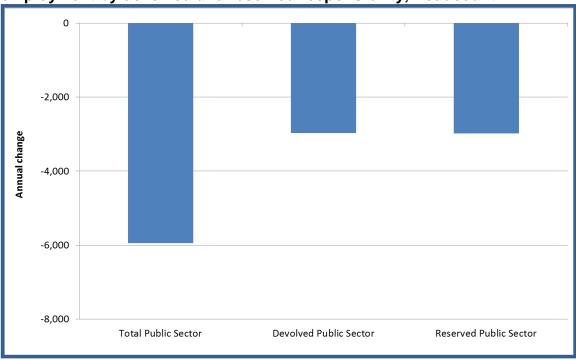
³ Employment in Local Government in Scotland over the last year has been largely affected by the reclassification of police and fire services to central government and transfers of staff to the NHS.

⁴ In April 2013 the Scottish Agricultural College (SAC) merged with 3 colleges to form Scotland's Rural College. This new organisation is classified as a public body (as the SAC was). This has resulted in staffing levels moving from the Further Education to Other Public Bodies categories to reflect the merger of these organisations.

Changes in the devolved and reserved public sector are explored in more detail in sections 3 and 4 respectively.

Chart 3 below shows how the decrease of 6,000 seen for the overall public sector in Scotland is split between the devolved and reserved public sector.

Chart 3: Annual change (from Q2 2012 to Q2 2013) in public sector employment by devolved and reserved responsibility, Headcount



3. Devolved public sector employment in Scotland; Headcount (Table 4)

The devolved public sector includes:

- Devolved Civil Service (section 5 has more detailed breakdowns for the devolved civil service);
- Local Government (which covers Scottish Local Authorities, Police and Fire Services (up to Q1 2013), Valuation Joint Boards and Regional Transport Partnerships);
- NHS in Scotland:
- Further Education Colleges;
- Devolved Public Corporations;
- Other Devolved Public Bodies (which covers Non-Departmental Bodies and other bodies).

The number of people employed in the devolved public sector decreased by 3,000 (0.6%), falling from 489,000 in Q2 2012 to 486,000. Chart 4 shows the make-up of the devolved public sector as at Q2 2013.

Interpreting Change Over Time in Devolved Public Sector

There have been a number of changes to the classification of organisations in the devolved public sector that make interpreting change over the year difficult. These include:

- Police and Fire Services moving from local to central government: This
 reclassification has resulted in approximately 29,000 staff (headcount) moving
 to the central government category. Also, from Q2 onwards the Scottish
 Police Authority (SPA), previously known as the Scottish Police Services
 Authority (SPSA) is included within the Police and Fire Services category
 rather than in Other Public Bodies category.
- Staff transfers from Local Government to the NHS: Approximately 1,500 Staff have moved from the Highland Council to NHS Highland as part of the move towards integrated health and social care.
- In April 2013 the Scottish Agricultural College (SAC) merged with three Further Education Institutes. The new organisation (Scotland's Rural College, SRUC) is classified as a public body (as SAC was previously). This has resulted in an approximately 500 headcount transfer from Further Education Colleges to Other Public Bodies.
- The Organising Committee for the Commonwealth Games, Glasgow 2014, is included in the Public Sector series from Q4 2012 onwards.

Public Corporations
1.4%
2.9%

NHS
32.2%

Local Government
51.0%

Civil Service
3.4%

Further education
colleges
2.8%

Chart 4: Breakdown of devolved public sector employment by category, Headcount, Q2 2013

Over the year:

The number of local government staff decreased by 34,100 (12.1%) to 247,900 in Q2 2013. However, the majority of this change was the result of the reclassification of Police and Fire services in Scotland noted above.

Employment in further Education colleges decreased by 900 (6.1%) to 13,600 in Q2 2013

Other public bodies saw a decrease of 600 (3.9%) over the year but this is largely due to the re-categorisation of the Scottish Police Authority, see notes above.

Employment in the NHS increased by 1,700 (1.1%) over the year, to 156,600 in Q2 2013. A detailed breakdown on this information by staffing group was published by ISD on the 27th August 2013. http://www.isdscotland.org/Health-Topics/Workforce/

Employment in public corporations rose by 600 (8.8%), a large part of this increase is a result of including the new Commonwealth Games organising committee, Glasgow 2014 from Q4 2012 onwards.

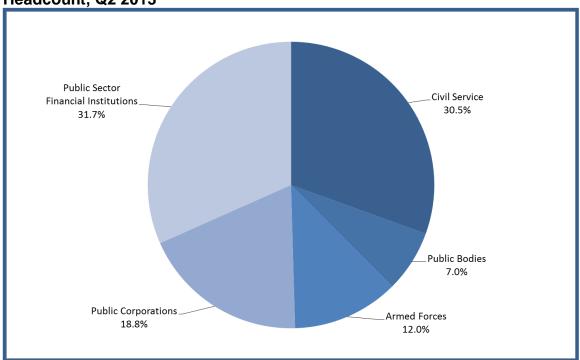
4. Reserved public sector employment in Scotland; Headcount (Table 5)

This section provides a summary of reserved public sector employment which includes:

- Reserved Civil Service (Section 5 for more detailed breakdowns);
- Armed Forces;
- Reserved Public Corporations;
- Public Sector Financial Institutions (which covers Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, Lloyds Banking Group plc and Northern Rock plc);
- Other Reserved Public Bodies (which covers Non-Departmental Bodies and other bodies).

The number of people employed in the reserved public sector decreased by 3,000 (3.1%) to 92,600 in Q2 2013. Chart 6 shows the make-up of the reserved public sector as at Q2 2013.

Chart 5: Breakdown of reserved public sector employment by sector, Headcount, Q2 2013



Employment levels in all categories of the reserved public sector but the armed forces have decreased over the last year:

- Reserved Civil Service down by 1,200 (4.0%);
- Public Corporations down by 900 (5.2%);
- Financial Institutions down by 500 (1.5%);
- Public Bodies down 500 (7.3%), and;

While:

• Armed Forces increased by 100 (0.9%).

5. Civil Service employment in Scotland; Headcount (Table 6, Table 7)

This section provides a summary of the civil service in Scotland.

The devolved civil service is made up of:

- Scottish Government Core Departments
- Scottish Government Agencies
- Crown Office and Procurator Fiscal Service
- Non-Ministerial Departments

The reserved civil service is made up of:

- UK Government Departments
- Scotland Office

In Q2 2013 there were 45,000 people employed as civil servants in Scotland. This is made up of 16,700 (37.2%) people working in the devolved civil service and 28,200 (62.8%) working in UK government departments. The total number of civil servants has decreased by 1,000 (2.3%) over the year.

Devolved Civil Service

The devolved civil service has increased by 100 (0.8%) since Q2 2012. Chart 7 shows a breakdown of the devolved civil service in Scotland as at Q2 2013⁵.

Scottish Government Core

In Q2 2013, there were 5,100 people employed in SG core directorates, representing 30.3% of the devolved civil service in Scotland. Over the year from Q2 2012, employment in SG core directorates has decreased very slightly (down 0.3%).

Scottish Government Agencies

There were 7,100 people employed in Scottish Government agencies in Q2 2013. Employment in SG agencies has increased by 200 (3.5%) over the year. This increase is largely due to increases in the Scottish Prison Service in preparation for the opening of a new prison.

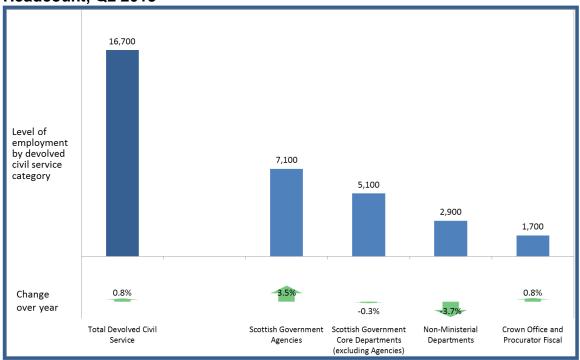
Non Ministerial Departments

Non Ministerial Departments (NMD) include the National Records of Scotland, Registers of Scotland, the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator the Scottish Courts Service (SCS) and the Scottish Housing Regulator from (April 2012). In Q2 2013, there were 2,900 people employed in these NMDs, a decrease of 100 (3.7%) over the year.

Employment in the Crown Office & Procurator Fiscal increased very slightly over the year (up 0.8%).

⁵ When interpreting changes over time in the devolved civil service in Scotland it should be noted that due to organisational changes, staff have transferred between the Scottish Government core directorates and agencies. Detail about the above changes can be found in the background notes. http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Labour-Market/PublicSectorEmployment/SourcesDef

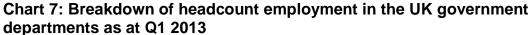
Chart 6: Breakdown of devolved civil service employment, Scotland, Headcount, Q2 2013

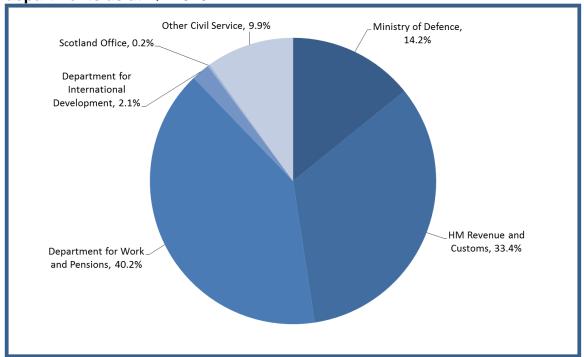


Reserved Civil Service

Employment in the reserved civil service has decreased by 1,200 (4.0%), from 29,400 in Q2 2012 to 28,200 in Q2 2013.

This has been driven by: Ministry of Defence decreasing by 600 (12.6%), HM Revenues and Customs decreasing by 200 (2.1%) and the Scotland Office decreased by 10 (6.9%). Other civil service decreased by 1,500 (35.2%), mostly a result of staff transfers to the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) from Q3 2012 onward; DWP saw a 1,100 (10.5%) increase over the year.





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These tables include comparisons for Q1 in 1999 and 2007 to 2013 only. A complete time series, including all quarters back to Q1 1999 is provided in the excel spreadsheets published at the public sector employment web section http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Labour-Market/PublicSectorEmployment

Background Notes

Background notes about the information contained in our PSE series are available at the following web section:

http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Labour-Market/PublicSectorEmployment/SourcesDef

Next Publication: 18th December 2013

Table 1: Number of people employed by public and private sector; Scotland, Headcount Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Total Employment	Private \$	Sector	Public S	ector	Private Sector Including public sector financial institutions		Public Sector Excluding public sector financial institutions	
	Level	Level	Percentage of total employment	Level	Percentage of total employment	Level	Percentage of total employment	Level	Percentage of total employment
Q2 1999	2,245,000	1,699,100	75.7%	545,600	24.3%	1,699,100	75.7%	545,600	24.3%
Q2 2007	2,553,000	1,956,200	76.6%	596,400	23.4%	1,956,200	76.6%	596,400	23.4%
Q2 2008	2,536,000	1,939,200	76.5%	596,900	23.5%	1,939,200	76.5%	596,900	23.5%
Q2 2009	2,480,000	1,843,800	74.3%	636,600	25.7%	1,882,400	75.9%	598,000	24.1%
Q2 2010	2,448,000	1,820,200	74.4%	627,300	25.6%	1,855,600	75.8%	592,000	24.2%
Q2 2011	2,489,000	1,886,400	75.8%	602,100	24.2%	1,918,900	77.1%	569,600	22.9%
Q2 2012	2,465,000	1,880,300	76.3%	584,500	23.7%	1,910,000	77.5%	554,800	22.5%
Q2 2013	2,520,000	1,941,700	77.0%	578,600	23.0%	1,971,000	78.2%	549,300	21.8%
Change on year to:									
Q2 2013	55,500	61,400		-6,000		61,000		-5,500	
% change on year:									
Q2 2013	2.3%	3.3%		-1.0%		3.2%		-1.0%	

^{1.} Figures have been rounded to the nearest hundred. Total employment has been rounded to the nearest thousand. Percentages are based on unrounded figures.

^{2.} Public sector financial institutions include Northern Rock (classified to the public sector from Q4 2007), Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, HBOS/Lloyds Banking Group plc (both classified to the public sector from Q4 2008) Lloyds TSB Commercial Banking. Those organisations classified as Public Sector Financial Institutions and SIC 64.

^{3.} Public sector is derived as the difference between the Labour Force Survey 'Total employment' workforce based estimate for the whole of Scotland (not seasonally adjusted) and the public sector estimate (derived from indivdual organisation statistical returns). For Q1 the Feb-Apr 2013 rolling estimate from the LFS was used.

^{4.} Detailed tables showing a full time series of data - all quarters back to Q1 1999 – are available to download from the Public Sector Employment Websection:

Table 2: Public sector employment by National Accounts Sector Classification; Scotland, Headcount Not Seasonally Adjusted

		_		Natio	onal Accounts Ce	ntral Govern	ment Categories				
	Total Public Sector	Total Central Government (see note 2)	NHS	Civil Service	Police and Fire services (see note 2)	Further Education Colleges	Armed Forces	Other Public Bodies	Local Government (see note 2)	Corporations	Public Sector Financial Institutions
Q2 1999	545,600	222,400	129,100	48,500		15,700	14,900	14,200	293,500	29,700	
Q2 2007	596,400	253,400	152,700	50,600		16,700	12,400	20,900	318,100	24,900	
Q2 2008	596,900	257,700	155,200	49,600		16,900	12,100	23,900	313,700	25,500	
Q2 2009	636,600	263,200	159,300	51,100		16,900	12,000	23,900	306,300	28,600	38,600
Q2 2010	627,300	261,600	160,100	50,100		16,000	12,200	23,200	301,900	28,500	35,300
Q2 2011	602,100	254,100	155,300	48,700		15,900	11,900	22,300	289,000	26,500	32,500
Q2 2012	584,500	248,000	154,900	46,000		14,500	11,000	21,600	282,000	24,800	29,800
Q2 2013	578,600	276,900	156,600	45,000	30,200	13,600	11,100	20,500	247,900	24,400	29,300
Change on year to:	;										
Q2 2013	-6,000	29,000	1,700	-1,000	30,200	-900	100	-1,100	-34,100	-400	-500
% change on year:											
Q2 2013	-1.0%	11.7%	1.1%	-2.3%	n/a	-6.1%	0.9%	-5.0%	-12.1%	-1.5%	-1.5%

- 1. Figures have been rounded to the nearest hundred; percentages are based on unrounded figures.
- 2. Police and Fire Reform: Some of the change on year estimates will be affected by reclassification of organisations as a result of reforms to the police and fire services in Scotland. From Q2 2013 Police and Fire Services have been reclassified as central government rather than local government. This reclassification has had an impact on the staffing numbers in both these categories. Also, from Q2 2013 staffing levels for the Scottish Police Authority (previously Scottish Police Services Authority) are included within the Police and Fire Services category in the table above (previously included in other public bodies).
- 3. In April 2013 the Scottish Agricultural College (SAC) merged with 3 colleges to form Scotland's Rural College. This new organisation is classified as a public body (as the SAC was). This has resulted in staffing levels moving from the Further Education to Other Public Bodies categories to reflect the merger of these organisations.
- 4. Public sector financial institutions include Northern Rock (classified to the public sector from Q4 2007), Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, HBOS/Lloyds Banking Group plc (both classified to the public sector from Q4 2008) Lloyds TSB Commercial Banking. Those organisation classified as Public Sector Financial Institutions and SIC 64.
- 5. A number of local government staff have transferred to arms length organisations which are part of the private sector under National Accounts definitions. For example, staff transferred from Glasgow City Council to Cordia Limited Liability Partnership from 1 April 2009 thus explaining the decrease in local government employment between 2008 and 2009.
- 6. Information for further education colleges in Scotland is based on collected information from Q4 2010. The method used to create the back series is detailed in the background notes of this publication.
- 7. From Q4 2011, NHS has responsibility for employing Healthcare staff within prisons. Previously, these people were employed directly by the Scottish Prison Service (SPS). Also, In Q2 2012 1,491 & 1062.1 WTE headcount staff transferred from Highland Council to NHS Highland as a result of the move to integrated health and social care services.
- 8. Detailed tables showing a full time series of data all quarters back to Q1 1999 are available to download from the Public Sector Employment Websection: http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Labour-Market/PublicSectorEmployment

Table 3: Public sector employment by devolved and reserved sector; Scotland, Headcount and Full-time equivalent Not Seasonally Adjusted

		Headcount	_	Full-time equivalent				
	Total Public Sector		Reserved Public Sector	Total Public Sector		Reserved Public Sector		
Q2 1999	545,600	470,900	74,700	456,000	384,700	71,300		
Q2 2007	596,400	524,900	71,500	502,900	435,500	67,400		
Q2 2008	596,900	525,400	71,500	506,100	438,900	67,200		
Q2 2009	636,600	522,400	114,200	544,800	438,500	106,400		
Q2 2010	627,300	518,200	109,100	536,100	434,500	101,700		
Q2 2011	602,100	499,300	102,800	514,700	419,200	95,500		
Q2 2012	584,500	489,000	95,500	500,600	412,100	88,500		
Q2 2013	578,600	486,000	92,600	498,000	412,200	85,800		
Change on year to:								
Q2 2013	-6,000	-3,000	-3,000	-2,600	200	-2,800		
% change on year:								
Q2 2013	-1.0%	-0.6%	-3.1%	-0.5%	0.0%	-3.1%		

- 1. Figures have been rounded to the nearest hundred. Percentages are based on unrounded figures.
- 2. Devolved Public Sector consists of the following staff groups: Civil Service, Other public Bodies, NHS, Further Education Colleges, Local Government and Public Corporations. (as shown in Table 4).

Reserved Public Sector consists of the following staff groups: Civil Service, Public Bodies, Armed Forces, Public Corporations, Public Sector Financial Institutions (as shown in Table 5).

- 3. Public sector financial institutions include Northern Rock (classified to the public sector from Q4 2007), Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, HBOS/Lloyds Banking Group plc (both classified to the public sector from Q4 2008) Lloyds TSB Commercial Banking. Those organisation classified as Public Sector Financial Institutions and SIC 64.
- 4. Detailed tables showing a full time series of data all quarters back to Q1 1999 are available to download from the Public Sector Employment Websection:

Table 4: Total devolved public sector employment by sector; Scotland, Headcount Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Total Devolved Public Sector	NHS	Civil Service	Police and Fire Services	Further Education Colleges	Other Public Bodies	Local Government	Public Corporations
Q2 1999	470,900	129,100	14,600		15,700	8,500	293,500	9,500
Q2 2007	524,900	152,700	16,700		16,700	13,800	318,100	6,800
Q2 2008	525,400	155,200	17,000		16,900	15,900	313,700	6,800
Q2 2009	522,400	159,300	17,500		16,900	16,200	306,300	6,300
Q2 2010	518,200	160,100	17,700		16,000	16,100	301,900	6,400
Q2 2011	499,300	155,300	17,500		15,900	15,100	289,000	6,400
Q2 2012	489,000	154,900	16,600		14,500	14,600	282,000	6,500
Q2 2013	486,000	156,600	16,700	30,200	13,600	14,000	247,900	7,000
Change on year to:								
Q2 2013	-3,000	1,700	100	30,200	-900	-600	-34,100	600
% change on year:								
Q2 2013	-0.6%	1.1%	0.8%	n/a	-6.1%	-3.9%	-12.1%	8.8%

- 1. Figures have been rounded to the nearest hundred; percentages are based on unrounded figures.
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- 5. A number of local government staff have transferred to arms length organisations which are part of the private sector under National Accounts definitions. For example, staff transferred from Glasgow City Council to Cordia Limited Liability Partnership from 1 April 2009 thus explaining the decrease in local government employment between 2008 and 2009.
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Table 5: Total reserved public sector employment by sector; Scotland, Headcount Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Total Reserved Public Sector	Civil Service	Public Bodies	Armed Forces	Public Corporations	Public Sector Financial Institutions
Q2 1999	74,700	33,800	5,800	14,900	20,200	
Q2 2007	71,500	33,900	7,100	12,400	18,100	
Q2 2008	71,500	32,600	8,100	12,100	18,700	
Q2 2009	114,200	33,600	7,800	12,000	22,200	38,600
Q2 2010	109,100	32,400	7,100	12,200	22,100	35,300
Q2 2011	102,800	31,100	7,200	11,900	20,100	32,500
Q2 2012	95,500	29,400	7,000	11,000	18,400	29,800
Q2 2013	92,600	28,200	6,500	11,100	17,400	29,300
Change on year to:						
Q2 2013	-3,000	-1,200	-500	100	-900	-500
% change on year:						
Q2 2013	-3.1%	-4.0%	-7.3%	0.9%	-5.2%	-1.5%

- 1. Figures have been rounded to the nearest hundred. Percentages are based on unrounded figures.
- 2. Public sector financial institutions include Northern Rock (classified to the public sector from Q4 2007), Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, HBOS/Lloyds Banking Group plc (both classified to the public sector from Q4 2008) Lloyds TSB Commercial Banking. Those organisation classified as Public Sector Financial Institutions and SIC 64.
- 3. Where the change over the year is less than 50 this rounds to '0'.
- 4. Detailed tables showing a full time series of data all quarters back to Q1 1999 are available to download from the Public Sector Employment Websection:

Table 6: Devolved civil service employment; Scotland, Headcount Not Seasonally Adjusted

		D	evolved Civil Serv	ice	
	Total Devolved Civil Service	Scottish Government Core Directorates (excluding Agencies)	Crown Office and Procurator Fiscal	Scottish Government Agencies	Non-Ministerial Departments
Q2 2007	16,700	4,300	1,600	9,100	1,700
Q2 2008	17,000	4,900	1,700	8,600	1,800
Q2 2009	17,500	5,600	1,800	8,200	1,800
Q2 2010	17,700	5,700	1,800	6,800	3,400
Q2 2011	17,500	5,300	1,700	6,700	3,700
Q2 2012	16,600	5,100	1,700	6,800	3,000
Q2 2013	16,700	5,100	1,700	7,100	2,900
Change on year to:					
Q2 2013	100	0	0	200	-100
% change on year:					
Q2 2013	0.8%	-0.3%	0.8%	3.5%	-3.7%

- 1. Figures have been rounded to the nearest hundred. Percentages are based on unrounded figures.
- 2. Increases in Scottish Government Agencies are largely due to increased employment in the Scottish Prison Service in preparation for the opening of a new prison.
- 3. From Q4 2011, NHS has responsibility for employing Healthcare staff within prisons. Previously, these people were employed directly by the Scottish Prison Service (SPS). In Q2 2012 1,491 & 1062.1 WTE / headcount staff transferred from Highland Council to NHS Highland.
- 4. Where the change over the year is less than 50 this rounds to '0'.
- 5. Detailed tables showing a full time series of data all quarters back to Q1 1999 are available to download from the Public Sector Employment Websection:

Table 7: Reserved civil service employment; Scotland, Headcount Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Total Reserved Civil Service	Ministry of Defence	HM Revenue and Customs	Department for Work and Pensions	Department for International Development	Scotland Office	Other Civil Service
Q2 2007	33,900	6,600	11,200	12,700	500	60	2,800
Q2 2008	32,600	6,100	10,900	12,300	500	60	2,800
Q2 2009	33,600	6,000	10,900	11,800	500	70	4,400
Q2 2010	32,400	5,900	9,800	12,000	500	70	4,200
Q2 2011	31,100	5,600	10,000	10,700	500	70	4,300
Q2 2012	29,400	4,600	9,600	10,300	500	70	4,300
Q2 2013	28,200	4,000	9,400	11,400	600	70	2,800
Change on year to:							
Q2 2013	-1,200	-600	-200	1,100	100	-10	-1,500
% change on year:							
Q2 2013	-4.0%	-12.6%	-2.1%	10.5%	12.3%	-6.9%	-35.2%

From Q4 2008 Staff, employed in the Child Support Agency within DWP, transferred to the Child Maintenance and Enforcement Commission (CMEC). CMEC is an Non-Departmental Public Body. However, CMEC staff were included in the 'Other Civil Service' category as staff have retained their civil service contracts. From Q3 2012 CMEC staff have moved into DWP again.

- 3. Where the change on the year is less than 50 this rounds to '0'.
- 4. Detailed tables showing a full time series of data all quarters back to Q1 1999 are available to download from the Public Sector Employment Websection:

^{1.} Figures have been rounded to the nearest hundred, with the exception of the Scotland Office figures which are rounded to the nearest ten. Percentages are based on unrounded figures.

^{2.} From Q3 2012 DWP includes CMEC staff.

Table 8: Total devolved public sector employment by sector; Scotland, Full-time equivalent Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Total Devolved Public Sector	NHS	Civil Service	Police and Fire Services	Further Education Colleges	Other Public Bodies	Local Government	Public Corporations
Q2 1999	384,700	106,200	14,100		11,500	7,800	235,800	9,200
Q2 2007	435,500	129,700	16,000		12,200	12,700	258,500	6,500
Q2 2008	438,900	132,000	16,200		12,400	14,600	257,200	6,500
Q2 2009	438,500	135,500	16,700		12,300	14,700	253,400	6,000
Q2 2010	434,500	136,100	16,800		11,700	14,200	249,700	6,000
Q2 2011	419,200	131,900	16,300		11,900	13,600	239,400	6,200
Q2 2012	412,100	131,400	15,800		10,800	13,600	234,400	6,100
Q2 2013	412,200	133,400	15,900	29,100	10,300	12,800	204,000	6,700
Change on year to:								
Q2 2013	200	2,000	100	29,100	-500	-700	-30,400	600
% change on year:								
Q2 2013	0.0%	1.5%	0.7%	n/a	-4.5%	-5.4%	-13.0%	9.4%

- 1. Figures have been rounded to the nearest hundred; percentages are based on unrounded figures.
- 2. Police and Fire Reform: Some of the change on year estimates will be affected by reclassification of organisations as a result of reforms to the police and fire services in Scotland. From Q2 2013 Police and Fire Services have been reclassified as central government rather than local government. This reclassification has had an impact on the staffing numbers in both these categories. Also, from Q2 2013 staffing levels for the Scottish Police Authority (previously Scottish Police Services Authority) are included within the Police and Fire Services category in the table above (previously included in other public bodies).
- 3. In April 2013 the Scottish Agricultural College (SAC) merged with 3 colleges to form Scotland's Rural College. This new organisation is classified as a public body (as the SAC was). This has resulted in staffing levels moving from the Further Education to Other Public Bodies categories to reflect the merger of these organisations.
- 4. Public sector financial institutions include Northern Rock (classified to the public sector from Q4 2007), Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, HBOS/Lloyds Banking Group plc (both classified to the public sector from Q4 2008) Lloyds TSB Commercial Banking. Those organisation classified as Public Sector Financial Institutions and SIC 64.
- 5. A number of local government staff have transferred to arms length organisations which are part of the private sector under National Accounts definitions. For example, staff transferred from Glasgow City Council to Cordia Limited Liability Partnership from 1 April 2009 thus explaining the decrease in local government employment between 2008 and 2009
- 6. Information for further education colleges in Scotland is based on collected information from Q4 2010. The method used to create the back series is detailed in the background notes of this publication.
- 7. From Q4 2011, NHS has responsibility for employing Healthcare staff within prisons. Previously, these people were employed directly by the Scottish Prison Service (SPS). Also, In Q2 2012 1,491 & 1062.1 WTE headcount staff transferred from Highland Council to NHS Highland as a result of the move to integrated health and social care services.
- 8. Detailed tables showing a full time series of data all quarters back to Q1 1999 are available to download from the Public Sector Employment Websection: http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Labour-Market/PublicSectorEmployment

Table 9: Total reserved public sector employment by sector; Scotland, Full-time equivalent Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Total Reserved Public Sector	Civil Service	Public Bodies	Armed Forces	Public Corporations	Public Sector Financial Institutions
Q2 1999	71,300	32,000	5,400	14,900	18,900	
Q2 2007	67,400	31,600	6,600	12,400	16,800	
Q2 2008	67,200	30,400	7,500	12,100	17,300	
Q2 2009	106,400	31,200	7,400	12,000	20,500	35,300
Q2 2010	101,700	29,900	6,700	12,200	20,400	32,400
Q2 2011	95,500	28,600	6,800	11,900	18,400	29,900
Q2 2012	88,500	26,700	6,700	11,000	16,800	27,300
Q2 2013	85,800	25,600	6,200	11,100	16,000	26,900
Change on year to:						
Q2 2013	-2,800	-1,200	-400	100	-900	-400
% change on year:						
Q2 2013	-3.1%	-4.4%	-6.1%	0.9%	-5.2%	-1.5%

- 1. Figures have been rounded to the nearest hundred. Percentages are based on unrounded figures.
- 2. Public sector financial institutions include Northern Rock (classified to the public sector from Q4 2007), Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc and Lloyds Banking Group plc (both classified to the public sector from Q4 2008).
- 3. Where the change on the year is less than 50 this rounds to '0'.
- 4. Detailed tables showing a full time series of data all quarters back to Q1 1999 are available to download from the Public Sector Employment Websection:

Table 10: Devolved civil service employment; Scotland, Full-time equivalent Not Seasonally Adjusted

			Devolved Civil S	ervice	
	Total Devolved Civil Service	Scottish Government Core Directorates (excluding Agencies)	Crown Office and Procurator Fiscal	Scottish Government Agencies	Non-Ministerial Departments
Q2 2007	16,000	4,100	1,600	8,700	1,600
Q2 2008	16,200	4,700	1,600	8,300	1,700
Q2 2009	16,700	5,400	1,700	7,900	1,700
Q2 2010	16,800	5,400	1,700	6,500	3,100
Q2 2011	16,300	5,100	1,600	6,500	3,100
Q2 2012	15,800	4,900	1,500	6,500	2,800
Q2 2013	15,900	4,900	1,600	6,800	2,700
Change on year to:					
Q2 2013	100	0	0	200	-100
% change on year:					
Q2 2013	0.7%	-0.1%	0.8%	3.4%	-4.3%

- 1. Figures have been rounded to the nearest hundred. Percentages are based on unrounded figures.
- 2. Increases in Scottish Government Agencies are largely due to increased employment in the Scottish Prison Service in preparation for the opening of a new prison.
- 3. From Q4 2011, NHS has responsibility for employing Healthcare staff within prisons. Previously, these people were
- 4. Where the change over the year is less than 50 this rounds to '0'.
- 5. Detailed tables showing a full time series of data all quarters back to Q1 1999 are available to download from the Public Sector Employment Websection:

Table 11: Reserved civil service employment; Scotland, Full-time equivalent Not Seasonally Adjusted

			R	eserved Civil Serv	vice vice		
	Total Reserved Civil Service	Ministry of Defence	HM Revenue and Customs	Department for Work and Pensions	Department for International Development	Scotland Office	Other Civil Service
Q2 2007	31,600	6,400	10,400	11,600	500	50	2,700
Q2 2008	30,400	5,900	10,000	11,200	500	60	2,700
Q2 2009	31,200	5,800	9,900	10,900	500	70	4,100
Q2 2010	29,900	5,700	8,800	10,900	400	70	4,000
Q2 2011	28,600	5,400	8,900	9,700	500	70	4,000
Q2 2012	26,700	4,500	8,400	9,200	500	70	4,000
Q2 2013	25,600	3,900	8,200	10,100	600	60	2,700
Change on year to:							
Q2 2013	-1,200	-600	-200	900	100	-10	-1,300
% change on year:							
Q2 2013	-4.4%	-12.8%	-2.4%	9.4%	12.5%	-7.5%	-33.2%

- 1. Figures have been rounded to the nearest hundred, with the exception of the Scotland Office figures which are rounded to the nearest ten. Percentages are based on unrounded figures.
- 2. From Q3 2012 DWP includes CMEC staff. From Q4 2008 Staff, employed in the Child Support Agency within DWP, transferred to the Child Maintenance and Enforcement Commission (CMEC). CMEC is an Non-Departmental Public Body. However, CMEC staff were included in the 'Other Civil Service' category as staff have retained their civil service contracts. From Q3 2012 CMEC staff have moved into DWP again.
- 3. Where the change on the year is less than 50 this rounds to '0'.
- 4. Detailed tables showing a full time series of data all quarters back to Q1 1999 are available to download from the Public Sector Employment Websection:

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