CONSULTATION QUESTIONS

The Carer's Assessment: Carer's Support Plan

Question 1: Should we change the name of the carer's assessment to the Carer's Support Plan?		
x □ Yes	□No	
Comments:		
Question 2: Should we remove the substantial and regular test so that all carers will be eligible for the Carer's Support Plan?		
x □ Yes	□No	

Comments:		
	hat part of the existing carer assessment process a person for whom the local authority must or may //children's services?	
x □ Yes	□No	
Comments:		
Question 4: Should we introduc at the carer's request and by the	e two routes through to the Carer's Support Plan – local authority making an offer?	
x □ Yes	□ No	
Comments: This is essential to	prevent any carer slipping through the net.	
Question 5: Should we remove from statute the wording about the carer's ability to provide care?		
x □ Yes	□ No	
Comments:		
Question 6: Should we introduce a duty for local authorities to inform the carer of the length of time it is likely to take to receive the Carer's Support Plan and if it exceeds this time, to be advised of the reasons?		
x □ Yes	□ No	
Comments:		
Question 7: How significant an issue is portability of assessment for service users and carers?		
	However the significance increases particularly if son move to a different LA to obtain services not	
•	Government and COSLA with relevant interests provements to the portability of assessment?	
x □ Yes	□ No	
Comments:		

Information and Advice		
Question 9: Should we introduce a duty for local authorities to establish and maintain a service for providing people with information and advice relating to the Carer's Support Plan and support for carers and young carers?		
x ☐ Yes	□ No	
Comments: Critical with the advent of SDS. W provide a full-time - albeit unpaid – to local aut law? Every other employer has to provide the year. If applied to local authorities this would in the same local authority and those in differe	chorities, not covered by employment employee with 28 days leave per on out inequalities between carers	
Question 10: Should we repeal section 12 of the Community Care and Health (Scotland) Act 2002 about the submission of Carer information Strategies to Scottish Ministers, subject to reassurances, which are subject in turn to Spending Review decisions, about the continuation of funding to Health Boards for support to carers and young carers?		
x□ Yes	□ No	
Comments:		
Support to Carers (other than information and advice) Question 11: Should we introduce a duty to support carers and young carers, linked to an eligibility framework?		
x □ Yes	□ No	
Comments:		
Question 12: Alternatively, should we retain the support carers and young carers?	existing discretionary power to	
☐ Yes	x□ No	
Comments:		

Question 13: Should we introduce a duty to provide short breaks?

Yes	x□ No	
Comments: As stated in the consultation document, many carers do not want short breaks, as there is concern that this could end up as the sole means of support provided. Carers want a range of support, including in-house residential, off-site residential, holidays, etc.		
Stages and Transitions		
Question 14: Should we issue statutory guid will include guidance for those undertaking the stages of caring? This would apply to adult guidance will be developed to support mana stages of caring).	he Carer's Support Plan on managing carers only. (For young carers, practice	
x □ Yes	□ No	
Comments:		
Question 15: Should new carers' legislation provide for young carers to have a Carer's Support Plan if they seem likely to become an adult carer? Any agreed support recorded in the Carer's Support Plan would be put in place after the young carer becomes a (young) adult carer.		
x □ Yes	□ No	
Comments:		
Carer Involvement		
Question 16: Should there be carer involvement in the planning, shaping and delivery of services for the people they care for and support for carers in areas outwith the scope of integration?		
x □ Yes	□ No	
Comments: As you say in the document: Of the person they care for. When we are plat person, it's important that we involve their	nning and delivering care for that	

the person they care for. When we are planning and delivering care for that person, it's important that we involve their carer. They have valuable knowledge to contribute and any decision will have an impact on their caring role. For far too long LA's have 'delivered' services to carers without involving them in any form of consultation.

Question 17: Should we make provision for the involvement of carers' organisations in the planning, shaping and delivery of services and support falling outwith the scope of integration?		
x □ Yes	□No	
Comments: There are numerous national an striving to be heard. They should be involved including provide feedback on the efficiency implemeentation, and the quality and scope	d at the very start, and continuously of the legislation and it's	
Question 18: Should we establish a principle about carer and young carer involvement in care planning for service users (subject to consent) and support for themselves in areas not covered in existing legislation?		
x□ Yes	□No	
Comments: See above		
Question 19: What are your views on making provision for young carer involvement in the planning, shaping and delivery of services for cared-for people and support for young carers?		
Comments: I have no involvement with youn if not more, support as adult carers as their I and longer term.		
Planning and Delivery		
Question 20: Should we introduce statutory provision to the effect that a local authority and each relevant Health Board must collaborate and involve relevant organisations and carers in the development of local carers strategies which must be kept under review and updated every three years?		
x □ Yes	□ No	
Comments: With the joining of health and so opportunity for either massive amounts of bureverse – minimal bureaucracy and consider organsitions must be led, by legislation if new	reaucracy with few deliveries, or the rable delivery of services. Both	
Question 21: Should we introduce statutory provision to the effect that local authorities with Health Boards must take steps to ensure, in so far as is reasonably practicable, that a sufficient range of services is available for meeting the needs for support to carers and young carers in the area?		
x □ Yes	□ No	

Comments: See abo	ve
Identification	
	there be no legislative provision for GPs or local authorities to ister in order to support the identification of carers?
☐ Yes	x□ No
known to suffer more sectors of the popula	nould be a legislative provision. Given that adult carers are from depression and have earlier death rates than other ation, GP's should have a statutory obligation to check carers er illnesses on a regular (6 monthly?) basis and report their agers for action.
	ne Scottish Government ensure that good practice is widely n Boards about the proactive use of Registers of Carers within
x □ Yes	□ No
Comments: See abo	ve
	ne Scottish Government ask Health Boards to monitor are contractual elements of the GP contract?
x □ Yes	□ No
Comments: See abo	ve
Carer and Cared-for F	Person(s) in Different Local Authority Areas
undertaking the Carer's	the views of respondents on the lead local authority for s Support Plan and agreeing support to the carer where the t local authority area to the cared-for person(s)?
Comments: This mal	kes sense and avoids the 'falling between two stools' trap.
	e the views of respondents on which local authority should port to the carer in these circumstances?
Comments: We in Ar from the personal SE	ngus have already been told the all ocsts of support will come OS entitlement.
Question 27: Should the local authorities?	ne Scottish Government with COSLA produce guidance for
x □ Yes	□No

Comments: