Welcome to the October 2013 issue of the Drug and Alcohol Delivery Bulletin. Updates on recent developments and plans include:

- Drug & Alcohol Treatment Waiting Times
- Drug & Alcohol Information System (DAISy)
- Drug-Related Deaths 2012
- New Psychoactive Substances (NPS)
- Minimum Unit Pricing Update
- Alcohol Focus Scotland’s Licensing Conference
- 2012-13 Alcohol and Drug Partnership Reports
- ISD ScotPHO – New Alcohol and Drug Profiles
- Lloyds Partnership Drugs Initiative (PDI) National Event
- Scottish Drugs Forum’s Trauma and Recovery Publication
- Scottish Recovery Consortium: The Story So Far
- Glasgow GRAND Week: Seminar from International Futures Forum (IFF) and Glasgow Centre for Population Health (GCPH)
- Veterans Scotland Alcohol and Drug Report
- East Renfrewshire ROSC Service Redesign Template Report
- Dumfries & Galloway’s Relationship with Alcohol: The Challenge for Services
- North Ayrshire ADP Celebrating Recovery Event
- Young People and Alcohol: Scoping Approaches to Prevent or Reduce Harm
- Alcohol and Other Drug Misuse Training Programmes
- Scottish Government Alcohol Industry Partnership (SGAIP) and Alcohol and Drug Partnerships (ADPs) Joint Event

QUERIES ON THE CONTENT OF THIS BULLETIN:

If you have any queries on the content of this bulletin, please contact John Ferguson, Alcohol Policy and Delivery Team at john.ferguson@scotland.gsi.gov.uk.
Latest news relating to alcohol and drug policy in Scotland

The latest quarterly drug and alcohol treatment waiting times figures were published on 24th September on the ISD website: http://www.isdscotland.org/Health-Topics/Drugs-and-Alcohol-Misuse/Publications/.

This is the first publication of data to inform the HEAT Standard for drug and alcohol treatment waiting times which expects that 90% of people receive appropriate treatment within 3 weeks to support their recovery. This publication also, for the first time, includes data on waiting times within prisons.

We are delighted to note that national performance continues to improve:

- In April-June 2013, 96% of the 11,678 people who started their first drug or alcohol treatment had waited 3 weeks or less, compared to 94.4% in the previous quarter. For alcohol, 96.2% of people waited less than 3 weeks while for drugs the figure was 95.6%.
- 96.2% of the 7,571 people who started alcohol treatment between April and June 2013 had waited 3 weeks or less, compared to 94.6% in the previous quarter.
- 95.6% of the 4,107 people who attended an appointment for drug treatment waited 3 weeks or less, compared to 94.2% in the previous quarter.
- Of the 3,056 people who were still waiting to start drug or alcohol treatment, 106 people, or 3.5%, had waited more than 6 weeks at the end of June 2013, compared to 61 people, or 2.1% in the previous quarter.

We are also heartened by the performance of prisons in relation to this HEAT Standard:

- In April-June 2013, of the 1,405 people who started their first drug or alcohol treatment, 96.6% had waited 3 weeks or less and 83.8% had waited one week or less (based on returns from 12 of the 14 prisons).
- Of the 95 people who were still waiting to start drug or alcohol treatment at the end of June 2013, 28 people, or 29.5% had been waiting for more than 6 weeks.
- 95.3% of the 279 people who started treatment for alcohol use between April and June 2013 had waited 3 weeks or less.
- 96.9% of the 1,126 people who started treatment for drug use waited 3 weeks or less.

We expect that all prisons fully comply with this HEAT Standard. We will be working with areas to ensure that prisons compliance and data quality continues to improve and that any long waits are addressed.

Please contact Hilary Smith, HEAT Standard Lead (SG), should you wish to discuss this in more detail: Hilary.smith@scotland.gsi.gov.uk

Drug & Alcohol Treatment Waiting Times

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**Drug & Alcohol Information System (DAISy)**

NHS Information Services Division (ISD) Scotland’s consultation on the proposed Drug and Alcohol Information System (DAISy) came to a close in August. We would like to take this opportunity to thank everyone who contributed to this process. ISD are currently consolidating the findings of this consultation to further inform the development of the new system which, when implemented, will integrate the existing functions of the Scottish Drug Misuse Database (SDMD) and Drug and Alcohol Treatment Waiting Times Database (DATWTD) and gather new data on alcohol treatment and related recovery outcomes for people accessing specialist services.

A group of stakeholder experts are currently reviewing and rationalising the draft DAISy dataset to ensure it is fit for purpose, reduces duplication and double data entry and has the ability to provide meaningful information. Once rationalised, this draft dataset will be shared with stakeholders for further comment before being signed off by the DAISy Project Board. Meanwhile ISD are considering whether the requirements of DAISy could be linked into existing systems used locally, ensuring we avoid unnecessary duplication of effort. This work is expected to take place over the coming months and we hope to be in a position to implement the DAISy system in 2015/16.

Please contact Lindsay Mathie, DAISy Project Lead (ISD), in the first instance should you wish to discuss this in more detail: lindsay.mathie@nhs.net.

**Drug-Related Deaths 2012**

On 27 August 2013 the National Records of Scotland published Drug-Related Deaths in Scotland in 2012 report.

The key points were:

- 581 drug-related deaths were registered in Scotland in 2012, three (0.5 per cent) fewer than in 2011. This was the second highest number ever recorded.

- Men accounted for 72 per cent of the drug-related deaths in 2012. Of the deaths 34% were aged 35-44 and 29% were aged 25-34.

- Heroin and/or morphine were implicated in, or potentially contributed to, the cause of 221 deaths (38 per cent of the total); there were 76 cases where heroin/morphine (and perhaps alcohol) was the only drug implicated and in 14 of these the only drug present (and perhaps alcohol).

- Methadone was implicated in, or potentially contributed to, 237 deaths (41 per cent); there were 68 cases where methadone (and perhaps alcohol) was the only drug implicated and in 12 of these the only drug present (and perhaps alcohol).

- Benzodiazepines (e.g. diazepam) were implicated in, or potentially contributed to, 196 deaths (34 per cent).

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- Cocaine, ecstasy and amphetamines were implicated in, or potentially contributed to, 31, 9 and 18 deaths respectively;

The full report can be accessed at:

The Scottish Government will continue to work closely with the independent group experts, the National Forum on Drug Related Deaths, and partners from the voluntary, statutory, policy and academic fields to tackle the number of drug related deaths.

Work continues, through Scotland’s National Drug Related Deaths Database, to help us understand more about the circumstances and risk factors around drug related deaths in Scotland. The third report of the National Drug Related Deaths Database reporting on a cohort of the 2011 drug deaths, was published by NHS ISD Scotland on the 30 April 2013 can be accessed at:


For further information, please contact: Nicola.Paterson@scotland.gsi.gov.uk.

New Psychoactive Substances

The Minister for Community Safety and Legal Affairs opened the Scottish Drugs Forum’s and Crew’s conference ‘What’s the problem? New Drugs Trends in Scotland’ on the 3 September. The conference, for drug services and commissioners in Scotland presented survey findings on new trends, described the challenges and implications of new trends and new drugs, and provided examples of service responses. More information can be accessed at:


For the first time, drug deaths where New Psychoactive Substances (NPS) were implicated have been reported by National Records Scotland in their publication of annual drug related deaths. In 2012, there were 47 drug deaths where NPS were present, 32 where they were found to be implicated (along with other drugs and/or alcohol) and five cases where they were the only drug present.

The 2012 NRS report can be accessed at:


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NPS was identified as a ministerial priority in 2013/14 and in their annual reports submitted in September 2013 ADPs were asked to share any needs assessments and responses they have undertaken locally in relation to NPS.

For further information, please contact: Nicola.Paterson@scotland.gsi.gov.uk.

Minimum Unit Pricing Update

The SWA have appealed the judgement of Lord Doherty in the Judicial Review of minimum pricing. The appeal will commence on 4 February and is expected to run for two weeks.

The Scottish Government is disappointed by the delay in implementing this life saving policy. We remain confident that minimum pricing meets all legal tests.

Alcohol Focus Scotland’s Licensing Conference

Alcohol Focus Scotland’s annual national licensing conference took place on Monday 9 September, with 180 people from licensing, Alcohol and Drug Partnerships (ADPs), health, police and legal backgrounds in attendance. The theme of the day was ‘Developing a deeper understanding of overprovision in day to day decision making’.

The conference was chaired by broadcaster and journalist Lesley Riddoch. Speakers were the Cabinet Secretary for Justice, Kenny MacAskill MSP; Chief Constable Sir Stephen House; Dr Michael Livingston, a researcher from Australia; and Advocate, Scott Blair.

The discussions on overprovision were timely, with Local Licensing Boards busy preparing their updated statements of licensing policy for publication next month. Many ADPs have been helping to inform local licensing policy, particularly around overprovision, by collecting data and carrying out community consultations. The AFS website has many examples of this good practice using local case studies, as well as a licensing toolkit:

www.alcohol-focus-scotland.org.uk/licensing.

2012-13 Alcohol and Drug Partnership (ADP) Reports

We would like to thank all ADPs for sharing their 2012-13 Annual Reports. Scottish Government officials are currently reading all of your reports. ADP Reports will inform reporting to Ministers and CoSLA on national progress and provide an understanding of the national picture.

The Annual Reports will also identify areas of good practice which we can share with ADPs and help inform priorities for national support. The Scottish Government will provide some feedback to ADPs on their reports this year. However, this won’t be extensive as the ADP accountability route is

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The first local Alcohol and Drug Profiles using a new on-line profiling tool have now been released allowing easy comparison between local areas in Scotland. Clear and relevant information will help service providers, planning teams, policy makers and the public make informed decisions to improve health in relation to alcohol and drugs.

The initial release of the Alcohol and Drugs profiles (published in September) provides information at ADP and NHS Board level; in future other geographical small area levels will be added. Indicators will be updated regularly (at least annually) when new data becomes available. Further development of the Profiles (for example, adding or changing indicators) will be guided by a national advisory group to be established by ISD.

This on-line profiling tool was created following an extensive consultation process, the Profiles form a key part of an extensively redesigned, comprehensive data resource for the alcohol and drugs field made available via the Scottish Public Health Observatory (ScotPHO) website.

The Alcohol and Drugs Profiles are two of a series of specialist profiles being published on the ScotPHO site, covering a range of public health topics, for example, Smoking and Diabetes. The On-line Profiling Tool (OPT) is designed to replace previous paper reports and Excel-based outputs, such as the Health & Wellbeing profiles 2010, allowing more flexibility for users and making it easier to keep the information in the tool up-to-date. They can be found at www.scotpho.org.uk/profiles.

How the Profiles work
The initial indicators included in the OPT are based on those used by ADPs as part of their local delivery plans, although the list is not identical, they are similar to the core national indicators developed by a Scottish Government-led group to help Alcohol and Drug Partnerships (ADPs) track progress in delivering the core outcomes, the OPT indicators are divided into seven domains: Health; Prevalence; Recovery; Children affected by Parent’s Substance Misuse/Families; Community Safety; Local Environment and Services. In addition, for the Drugs Profiles a Data Quality domain has been included in the OPT.

The profiles contain spine charts showing for all indicators how the local area value compares to a chosen comparator, which can be either the Scottish average or another local area. For each indicator a rank chart
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(histogram) is provided comparing all areas against each other. This chart is presented for every year for which data is available. For each indicator within area a time trend chart is available, comparing the local area against the comparator area over time.

Some narrative around the indicators is provided in the Overview Report, available from the ScotPHO Profiles website, and any caveats and changes are highlighted in the Change Log & Caveats page linked to from the tool. The tool allows valid comparison between local areas in Scotland but differences should be interpreted in light of local knowledge.

Lloyds Partnership Drugs Initiative (PDI) National Event

On the 11th September, the Partnership Drugs Initiative (PDI) in collaboration and supported by the Scottish Government’s Drugs Policy Unit held a free national event to mark the 5th Anniversary of the national drugs strategy The Road to Recovery. The aim was to raise awareness of the progress made in supporting children and young people affected by substance issues.

The keynote speakers were Roseanna Cunningham MSP, Minister for Community Safety and Legal Affairs and Joy Barlow MBE, Strategic Advisor to STRADA. The Minister gave insights on the progression made in respect of national picture and Joy offered her thoughts on what has changed in terms of the links between research and practice, reflecting on the significant role that the PDI has played in respect of the evidence for supporting children and young people in this area.

Over a 130 delegates attended the event including children and family services, adult addiction services, mental health, police, with both voluntary and statutory sectors represented. The day gave people an opportunity to share what was working at an individual, local and national level as well as identify where they still see gaps to address. A full analysis of the findings is currently underway and will be circulated in the next couple of months.

Roseanna Cunningham MSP speaking at the event. Photograph: Malcolm Cochrane

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A flavour of the early themes emerging from the discussion on the day included an improvement in collaborative working and the importance placed on family focused approaches. People made individual pledges of the actions they would take away from the day including; “Think out of the box regarding 3rd sector agency involvements” and “Develop better partnerships with organisations in the voluntary and public sectors that work with children and young people affected by parental addiction”.

These statements really highlighted the positive feeling on the day and the strong commitment to continue to improve approaches and support for children and young people affected by substance issues. If you would like to learn more about the PDI or receive a copy of the findings from this event then please contact Elaine Wilson, ew@ltsbfoundationforscotland.org.uk.

Outcomes development has been supported through training and work with individual services to develop outcomes tools and assist their integration into existing care planning and monitoring and evaluation systems. The standard tools used can be tested on the link below and they can be altered to suit particular services or defined areas of interest. NQD are happy to discuss your requirements and please contact Neil Stewart at: neil@sdf.org.uk if you wish to explore options with the service.

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The Scottish Recovery Consortium (SRC) has invited people across Scotland to share their thoughts on The Road to Recovery over the past 5 years. The information gathered has been collated in a report called The Story So Far.

Kuladharini, Director of the SRC said:

"It is thoroughly heartening to read these measured, thoughtful and asset based reflections coming back from every part of Scotland. Read them, they are your words and your collective experience."

The information gathered in The Story So Far was collected via a web survey that was posted on the SRC website and ran from 9 July to 16 September 2013. A total of 135 people completed the survey.

You can download a copy of the report by following this link:

http://www.scottishrecoveryconsortium.org/assets/files/The-Story-So-Far-Final.pdf

A group of 32 individuals from a variety of backgrounds - the third sector, public health, services, strategy and research - explored this issue through the “Glasgow Game”. The “Glasgow Game” is based on the World Game, developed by the International Futures Forum, and provides an interactive way for a group to engage in a structured conversation about important issues facing Glasgow.

Using data describing the city and its people from the Understanding Glasgow website, participants explored current trends in the city, identified possible shocks to the system (e.g. a recession, welfare reform) and what the key concerns arising from these shocks would be. Making links across 12 topics, which included health, housing, transport, employment, mindset and more, participants developed a declaration relating to each topic about how to address alcohol and drugs challenges in the city. As a result, ‘the game’ provided 12 key recommendations to policy-makers about how to ensure the city can meet the upcoming challenges. These can be found in the event report (ph 15).

For from information please contact Deborah Shipton at GCPH on Deborah.Shipton@glasgow.qsx.gov.uk
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Veterans Scotland Alcohol and Drug Report

A number of studies have been carried out into Mental Health related matters concerning the UK’s Armed Forces. The Forces in Mind Trust (FiMT) has published a report into the subject ‘The mental health of serving and ex-Service personnel’, a full copy of which is available on the Mental Health Foundation website at www.mentalhealth.org.uk in the Publications section. This short report focusses on Alcohol and Drug misuse.

The FiMT report highlights that Early Service Leavers, ie those who have spent less than 4 years in service, show high rates of heavy drinking when compared to longer serving ex-service personnel. Alcohol misuse in UK military personnel represents a significant and well-known health concern and recent studies confirm relatively high levels of heavy drinking in those that have deployed in a combat role. Demographic characteristics linked to heavy drinking include lower rank, being young and single, serving in the Naval Service or Army, being unmarried or separated/divorced. There is scope for public health interventions (prevention and promotion) with interventions to target alcohol dependence and alcohol related harm.

Traditionally, drug misuse is less common in serving personnel, in the course of the FiMT study, no research into drug misuse among UK military personnel was identified although there is some literature on ex-Service personnel in relation to homelessness and drug use and those convicted of an offence whilst under the influence of alcohol or drugs. It is felt that, whilst there is limited research into the matter, the misuse of drugs is an issue facing some ex-Service personnel and that agencies supporting them must be alert to this as a possibility.

East Renfrewshire ROSC Service Redesign Template Report

In 2008 East Renfrewshire ADP began re-designing their Community Addiction Services to reflect the need to develop a response to the Government’s emerging policy, ‘The Road to Recovery’ (2007).

Working in partnership with the Scottish Government we prepared this toolkit (below) in an attempt to describe the phased nature of the process in some detail, whilst at the same time keeping the service delivery and the service users the prime drivers for change.

The re-design programme relied heavily on inclusion and ownership from service users, staff and management and all other stakeholder and partner agencies.

The Toolkit and the supporting paperwork can be accessed on the SSKS website’s drug and alcohol portal via the following link, and embedded documents are available for other ADPs to use if helpful:

The SSKS website features a ‘Drug and Alcohol Portal’ which can support day-to-day work and learning by providing a wealth of material covering a variety of topics within the drugs and alcohol field. You can access the website here: www.ssks.org.uk.

For further information on the tool please contact either Andy Fox (East Renfrewshire CAT Service Manager) on: andy.fox@eastrenfrewshire.gov.uk or Biba Brand (SG National ADP Delivery Advisor) on: biba.brand@scotland.gsi.gov.uk.

Dumfries & Galloway’s Relationship with Alcohol: The Challenge for Services

On Tuesday, 24 September Dumfries & Galloway ADP hosted a conference at Easterbrook Hall, Dumfries focussing on alcohol and the challenges involved for services using the theme ‘Think about Drink’. The conference was well attended with over 160 delegates present on the day, demonstrating the interest and commitment to this area. Delegates were from a wide variety of organisations including NHS, Local Authorities, Police Scotland and the voluntary sector.

The day was chaired by Patrick Shearer (former ADP Chair) and the morning session included presentations from the Chief Executive, NHS Dumfries & Galloway, Scottish Government, Alcohol Focus Scotland and Neil Kelly, Lead GP, Annandale and Eskdale. The presentations highlighted the economic and health costs of alcohol and the role of the national Alcohol Brief Intervention (ABI) programme in reducing alcohol-related harm.

In the afternoon a ‘Midget Gems’ section provided interesting insights into work happening in the local area which is targeting problematic alcohol use through presentations from a variety of organisations including Police, Sexual Health services, Ante-Natal services, local Third Sector Providers and a local Housing Association. Catriona Loots from NHS Health Scotland gave a thought-provoking presentation on health behaviour change training and the day ended with an opportunity to discuss issues that the day had raised.

Initial feedback from the event indicates that already it is having a positive impact in raising the profile of alcohol work in Dumfries & Galloway.

For more information please contact: Jim Parker, ADP Co-Ordinator at: james.parker@dumgal.gov.uk.

North Ayrshire ADP Celebrating Recovery Event

North Ayrshire ADP held a stimulating Celebration of Recovery Event promoting recovery and challenging stigma on September 6th. The event was opened by ADP Chair Sheena Gault and was chaired by ADP Lead Officer Mark Gallagher. North Ayrshire ADP has employed two team members, John Burns (Recovery Policy Officer) who spoke at the event on Recovery and Challenging Stigma and then enabled stakeholders to participate in a

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Recovery Café format, and the second team member, Marie Cunningham, who will be responsible for ADP Contract Monitoring. The event was attended by some 100 participants ranging from service users, family members, local and national organisations and Scottish Government officials.

Over the course of the day a breadth of services held stalls to promote their work and interagency working, such as the Multi Agency Problem Solving Group - an interagency group who trouble shoot local challenges related to community safety - and a women’s ‘one stop shop’ provision, MAPS4U which operates on a monthly basis to provide a number of support services to females in North Ayrshire.

In the afternoon all stakeholders were able to engage in a series of workshops to hear about the inspirational local initiatives supported by the ADP, consisting of- Allotment Project; Hepatitis C peer education support group; 12-Step Fellowship and Smart Recovery, Gender based peer research and the Methadone Cessation Project.

To emphasise the importance of the day a number of individuals with lived experience of drug and alcohol issues highlighted their own recent experience of recovery and stigma. One individual spoke of his own two year recovery and recent conversation with a local college where he and a friend, also two years in recovery, were applying for a counselling course. They were refused entrance to the course under the grounds that they required five years recovery. The ADP agreed to advocate on their behalf to the college, and over the following weeks after the event, succeeded in persuading the college that the two individuals should be allowed entrance to the course. They have now commenced the course and through an improved relationship between the ADP and the college, they are now exploring further opportunities to deliver a number of bespoke courses in the community.

For more information please contact Mark Gallagher at North Ayrshire ADP: markgallagher@north-ayrshire.gov.uk

The above report is now available on the NHS Health Scotland website from the link below:


This scoping is intended to provide an overview of the approaches and initiatives being delivered to young people in Scotland which potentially support them to make informed decisions about alcohol and to capture a picture of broad health behaviour development initiatives.

This will primarily inform NHS Health Scotland’s future programme planning and support our partnership working.

NHS Health Scotland would be grateful if you could cascade this link to any

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further appropriate contacts and they hope that you will find the report interesting and helpful for your own service planning.

**Alcohol and Other Drug Misuse Training Programmes**

The Psychological Interventions Team has developed a programme of training with the aim of increasing the accessibility of psychological Interventions and therapies for those experiencing problems with substance misuse across Scotland. This programme has provided skills-based training opportunities in Motivational Interviewing and Core Behavioural & CBT Skills in Relapse Prevention and Recovery Management to a range of staff.

The importance of blending traditional workshops with on-going support in using the training materials in actual practice is highlighted by both the research and practitioners practicing in the field. Both of these training programmes include a focus on coaching and supervision to support the process of taking information from a workshop and using it to effectively support service users. The emphasis is on developing ongoing programmes of training where practitioners can continue to develop, enhance and apply their skills over time.

**Motivational Interviewing (MI).**

The Psychological Interventions Team has been supporting the development of a range of resources to support staff in enhancing their skills in MI, including:

- An e-learning module, *Motivational Interviewing*, which was developed in partnership with NHS Lothian and provides an introduction to the basic principles and practice of MI.

- Support of the National MI Coach Group, an independent collective of experienced MI practitioners from a range of clinical settings who are involved with a range of coaching and training activities, including local MI coaching forums and the Scottish MI Winter Schools.

- Hosting the Scottish MI Winter School programme, a yearly event which offers practitioners the opportunity to enhance their MI skills with colleagues across Scotland. The next event is 21 and 22 November 2013 in Edinburgh.

**Core Behavioural & CBT Skills in Relapse Prevention and Recovery Management**

We have also developed a three day training programme that provides an overview of the core skills important in relapse prevention and recovery management. This course is being delivered by local practitioners who are trained and supported by the Psychological Interventions Team. The next “Training for Trainers” event is 4-5 February 2014. Reflective practice and supervision tools have been developed.

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facilitate the use of the training materials in practice.

This course highlights the importance of working with substance use and mental health together. An e-learning module, *Co-Occurring Substance Misuse and Mental Health Disorders* has been developed to support the delivery of these training materials, and is aimed at enhancing awareness of the complex, co-occurring needs experienced by many seeking treatment in Scottish substance misuse and mental health services, and encourage discussion of the inter-connectedness of alcohol, drug and mental health concerns.

For additional information, please check our website at:


Alternatively, you can contact: Laura.Freeman@nes.scot.nhs.uk.

Joint event between the Scottish Government Alcohol Industry Partnership and Alcohol and Drug Partnerships

The July Drug & Alcohol Bulletin highlighted that the Scottish Government Alcohol Industry Partnership (SGAIP) is hosting a national event in November with Alcohol & Drug Partnerships (ADPs), which will aim to increase understanding and foster good working relationships between the SGAIP and ADPs.

This event followed a discussion with Michael Matheson MSP, Minister for Public Health, at the May meeting of the SGAIP which focussed on practical ways of taking forward the shared objective of promoting responsible drinking and reducing alcohol related harm.

The event will be held on Wednesday 27th November, 1-4pm, in Edinburgh and all ADPs have been invited to attend. The event will include a presentation from the SGAIP on their workstreams, which includes supporting the recent Drinkaware ‘Spot the Difference’ campaign in Glasgow and taking forward the voluntary introduction of 125ml wine measures.

The SGAIP would like to engage with ADPs about the content of this event to make it as meaningful as possible; if you would like more information please contact Kirsty Macdonald: Kirsty.Macdonald@scotland.gsi.gov.uk or Fern Morris: Fern.Morris@scotland.gsi.gov.uk.

The SGAIP Annual Report 2012-2013 is available at the link below:

http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Health/Services/Alcohol/Partnership

To register for the Drug and Alcohol Delivery Bulletin please register via the newsletters and alerts subscription service or contact John Ferguson at john.feguson@scotland.gsi.gov.uk.